Newport Mercury.

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Local Matters.

The Street Car Extension.

The report of Judge Baker at Saturday's meeting of the Street Railway Company, upon the question of extending the line to the Point, was not very encouraging to the petitioners for that improvement. He had conferred with Mr. Dunn, the Newport member of the Old Colony board of directors, and had been told that there was no likelihood of the Old Colony Company agreeing to the establishment of another grade crossing such as the proposed extension would necessitate. Dunn called attention to the great expense which his company is assuming in the removal of many of its grade crossings already established and also quoted Railroad Commissioner Freeman of this state as saying that with his permission not another grade crossing would be established in the state.

Unless some other means of accomplishing the desired improvement can be devised it is doubtful if our Point friends get a street car service for some time at least.

Jamestown's Telephone.

At a special meeting of the town council of Jamestown held Wednesday, permission was granted to the Providence Telephone Company to erect and maintain a telephone line from the shore at the foot of Weeden's Lane to Hotel Thorndike, providing the company erect suitable painted poles thirty feet high. In accordance with this decision by our neighbor's town council the Telephone Company will commence operations at once. It is proposed to run a six-wire or double circuit steel armored cable from the north side of Coasters Harbor Island, landing at the foot of Weeden's lane. From that point poles will be erected and wires will be run on them to Hotel Thorndike and John E. Watson's store. The former will be for the convenience of the summer visitors and the latter will be for use during the entire year. It is proposed to fix the toll between Jamestown and this city at fifteen cents per message and if a sufficient number of Jamestown residents wish telephones for local use the company will put them in at the regular rates and establish a central office there.

Y. M. C. A. Reception.

The Y. M. C. A. reception to the grocers and provision dealers and their clerks Thursday evening proved a very delightful affair. There were a large number present and a very pleasing musical programme was rendered in an excellent manner. Mr. John Merker gave some charming zither solos and Messrs. Clinton Jordan and Arthur Popple rendered several banjo and piano duets., Mr. H. C. Tilley sang, accompanied by Mr. H. B. Wood, and Mr. Gillett delighted the audience with his elocutionary powers. At the close of the programme the ladies of the Auxiliary served refreshments.

Church Choir Guild.

The final rehearsal for Stainer's "Crucifixion," to be given by the Church Choir Guild next Thursday evening, took place at St. George's church last Thursday evening. There will be no printed programme of the service other than the Word Books, which may be obtained of any of the Episcopal clergymen in this city for the small amount of five cents each. These contain also the music of the hymns in which the congregation are requested to join.

Passengers on the Providence boat Tuesday morning were treated to a most singular and surprising sight. It was a mild, spring-like morning, with the temperature above 30°. Our streets were muddy and water was running freely in the gutters, as a result of the previous twenty-four hours' rain, and yet the harbor was skimmed over with new ice of sufficient thickness to bear the weight of sea gulls and to cause considerable noise when being broken by the passage of the steamer.

Mr. Simeon Hazard, agent for the National Mutual Building and Loan Association, of New York, makes a very large showing of Local Board's prospectus at his office. A very pretty effect is thus produced from the strong contrast of the colors used by the different Boards.

Mr. Peter W. Townsend has been elected manager of the Holly Tree Coffee Rooms, vice Mr. Daniel A. Smith, resigned. Mr. Smith, it is understood, has leased a store in the Gas Co.'s building and will open a coffee room there on the first of the month.

Mr. William Shepley is about to build upon one of his vacant lots on a court leading from Channing street a two-story cottage with modern improvements, measuring 24x28 feet.

Mr. Geo. H. Wilbar, of Wilbar Bros., Sherman street, received a painful injury Thursday by one of his hands coming in contact with a circular saw.

The Island Cemetery.

The proprietors of the Island Cemetery held their annual meeting at the State House Monday evening, President Henry Bull presiding. The meeting was better attended than usual, and the reports of the trustees and treasurer were listened to with interest. According to the former report, read by Mr. Bull, there was but little done during the past year in the way of permanent improvement. The repairs and improvements made upon the Belmont Memorial Chapel last year, through the generosity of the late Mrs. Belmont, have not only remedied the defects in its construction but have also improved its appearance and usefulness. Twelve public services were held in the chapel during the year. The trustees are now planning for a new receiving tomb, to be located, probably, north of the chapel, and for a better supply of water. It is hoped to carry to completion both plans within a year. The assets were shown to be: Deposited in the Savings Bank of Newport, $36,694.18; three acres of land in the cemetery; a lot on Warner street. This is exclusive of trust funds held for others, and known as the perpetual care fund. The report closed as follows: "It is difficult to anticipate what our financial status will be when our lots are all sold, but it does not seem unreasonable to fear that the amount of our capital may not come up to our requirements. The trustees will, however, try to alleviate their anxiety on this point by the hope that some philanthropic testators may yet immortalize their memories in the hearts of the people of Newport by making liberal provision towards the support of this institution, as a common heirloom, which would enure to our children and our children's children.

The treasurer's report showed the amount of the perpetual care fund to be $20,300.30 and that for preservation, embellishment and improvement, $30,754.25. The balance for the year is $9,052.03.

The retiring trustees, Henry Bull, Robert S. Franklin and Lewis L. Simmons, were unanimously re-elected for three years.

Election of Officers.

The annual meeting of DeBlois Council, No. 5, Royal and Select Masters, was held in the council room in the Masonic building Tuesday evening, when the following officers were elected:

Thrice Illustrious Master—Duncan McLean.
Deputy Master—James H. Comstock
Principal Conductor of Work—John L. Cockingham.
Treasurer—Charles Bickerton.
Recorder—Ara Hildreth.
Captain of the Guard—Edmond S. Burdick.
Conductor of Council—Adam Hempseed.
Steward—William Riggs.
Sentinel—J. Gottlieb Spiegler.

Past Master Robert S. Franklin presided and installed the newly-elected officers.

Church Election.

At the fourth-quarterly conference of Thames Street Methodist Episcopal church, the following officers were elected:

Stewards—Roscoe F. Cummings, John B. Mason, Thomas S. Bowler, J. H. Carl, William H. Crandall, Joshua S. Bachelor, Charles H. Seattle, Joseph H. Simpson, John J. Carry, James G. Allen, Charles S. Sherman, Charles S. Goddard, George W. Tozier.
Recording Steward—Charles H. Seattle.
District Steward—William H. Crandall.
Trustees—Isaac W. Sherman, Augustin C. Titus, Seth Swinburne, Edward W. Young, T. Fred Kauffman, John Gilpin, Frow B. Gifnett, Charles O. Martin, R. S. Burlingame.
Superintendent of Sunday School—T. Fred Kauffman.

At the cake walk at Odd Fellows' Hall Wednesday evening, prizes were awarded as follows: A gold ring for the couple waltzing the best, to Miss Daisy Thompson and Mr. Virgin Jackson; for the cake walk, the first prize, a silver medal, for the championship of Rhode Island, to Charles Guinn, and a handsome cake to lady; second prize, cake, S. L. Phillips, which he presented to lady; third prize, W. Winston, smoking set, and water set to lady. After the walk, dancing was indulged in until the wee sma' hours.

Mr. Henry W. Cozzens has the contract to lay a telephone cable underground through Ledge road to connect with the summer residence soon to be erected on the "Old Boat-house lot" for Mr. Henry Lippitt, and also to make some addition to the cable which he laid some time ago to Mrs. Gammell's residence. He will lay about 3000 feet in all.

The Improvement Society of the Second Baptist church held a social at the residence of Mrs. Geo. Richardson on Whitfield court Thursday evening. The evening was very pleasantly spent in vocal and instrumental music, readings and social games.

The Newport One-Price Clothing Company announces in another column its readiness to supply the spring trade in overcoats, business and dress suits, gents' furnishings, etc., and at astonishingly low prices.

Mr. Edgar S. Tweedy, who died in Danbury, Conn., last week, was a brother of Mr. Edmund Tweedy of this city and was one of the prominent men of Connecticut. He was 85 years of age.

Newport Hears from Supervisor Blodgett.

The recently appointed deputy supervisors for Newport went to Providence Monday and held a conference with their chief. Mr. Blodgett called their attention to the presence on the Newport voting list of names of officers and privates of the United States army and navy, who, under the constitution of the state, are deprived of the right to vote, which names, numbering upward of 200, he said must be stricken from the list. He quoted as his authority, Article 2, section 4, of the constitution, which provides that:

"No person in the military, naval, marine or any other service of the United States shall be considered as having the required residence by reason of being employed in any garrison, barrack or military or naval station in this State, and no pauper, lunatic, person non compos mentis, person under guardianship or member of the Narragansett tribe of Indians shall be permitted to be registered or to vote." Section 6 of the same article says: "Persons residing on lands ceded by this State to the United States shall not be permitted to exercise the privilege of electors."

Mr. Blodgett says that he has received the reports from the Sixth Ward Board of Canvassers of Providence, who had at the previous meeting decided to take no action. Mr. Blodgett referred the matter to the United States District Attorney, whereupon the recreant board decided to hold an adjourned meeting and attend to business. They took off the objectionable names. The complete returns from Providence, Woonsocket, Lincoln and Pawtucket show that 5159 names have been erased from the lists.

Mr. Pearce's Coming Entertainment.

Miss Addie Sharpe, of Fall River, the 10 year old wonder, who is to give readings at Mr. B. W. Pearce's benefit entertainment, April 10th, was given a benefit and a crowded house, at the Academy of Music in that city on Tuesday evening, 14th instant. The News of that city, says of her,—"Miss Sharpe is only 10 years of age, but she has a voice of wonderful strength, modulation and tragic quality. When Miss Sharpe appeared, she was greeted with enthusiastic applause. Her reading was "How Grandma danced the Minuet," and the piece afforded her an opportunity to display proper intonation, accurate gesture and graceful carriage. She got an encore and deserved it."

Of Miss Carrie May Smith, who is also engaged for Mr. Pearce's entertainment, the News says,—"The talented soprano sang 'Love's Dream,' with sweetness and appreciation, and renewed evidence of a highly cultivated voice."

Of Miss Jennie Hoyle, who is likewise on Mr. Pearce's programme, the same paper says,—"Miss Jennie Hoyle, the gifted violinist, charmed the audience with 'La Sonnambula,' and in response to a vigorous encore, played 'Alice, Where Art Thou?'"

"Miss Sharpe came forward again to recite 'The Shipwreck,' and did it and other selections so well that she was recalled several times. In fact the audience seemed loth to let her leave the stage."

Mr. Pearce is extremely fortunate in having secured for his entertainment these three talented young ladies, which was accomplished through the intervention of friends in that city. The Appollo Glee Club have kindly consented to be included in the programme, and the prospects are that this entertainment will fully equal, if it does not exceed in interest, either of the three that have preceded it.

The last of three entertainments in the course prepared by the Rev. H. B. Cady took place Tuesday evening. There was a large attendance and the entertainment consisted of the singing of war songs, a cornet reveille and the sounding of the sick call. Judge Geo. N. Bliss, of East Providence, and Sergeant Carney, of New Bedford, gave some very interesting war reminiscences and the programme was closed by the sounding of taps by Comrade Boettger of Fort Adams, who sounded taps over the grave of the late Gen. Grant.

Yesterday was St. Patrick's Day and it was observed by both Catholic churches in this city by masses at 7 and 8 o'clock in the morning and by musical and literary entertainments in the evening. The entertainment at St. Mary's was a lecture on Ireland's Patron Saint by Rev. Father Fogarty of Warren and a concert under the direction of Prof. F. A. Fredericks. At St. Joseph's the lecture was by the pastor upon the "Songs and Songsters of Ireland" and the concert was under the direction of Prof. Merges.

News has been received here of the death at Lynn, Mass., of the father of Mr. Frank E. Thompson, head master of the Rogers High School. Mr. Thompson was called to Lynn on Monday, his father having been taken ill very suddenly.

Mr. J. D. Johnston, architect, has prepared plans for a new and handsome stone stable to be erected at the corner of Spring and Dixon streets for Mr. E. J. Berwind. The building will have a slate roof and measure 70x70 feet on the ground.

Old Colony steamer Providence is now running on the Fall River-New York line in place of the Pilgrim which is withdrawn for her annual overhauling.

SCHOOL BOARD.

The School Census for 1893 Undoubtedly Incorrect—Various Reports—Resignations Received—Other Matters.

The monthly meeting of the School Committee was held Monday evening. Chairman Sheffield presided and Superintendent Baker acted as secretary. The report of the Truant Officer was received. This showed ninety-two complaints of alleged truancy from the teachers, only nine of which proved, however, to be actual truants, the other eighty-three being detained at home on account of sickness or other excusable causes. The officer also reported finding fourteen children not attending any school. These had all been sent to school and others, having completed the elementary course of study, had been excused from further attendance.

The Superintendent's report was then received. It included the following statistics:

School Census as Reported by the Enumerator.

Wards	Public	Catholic	Select	Not attending	Total
1	330	170	—	64	564
2	404	137	12	63	616
3	296	199	17	35	547
4	238	161	29	53	481
5	216	332	21	103	671
Fort, &c.	27	9	8	19	63
Total,	1,512	1,008	87	335	2,942

Attending school.....2,607
Not attending school.....335

Recount by Clerk in Superintendent's Office.

Number of boys reported as attending public schools.....770
Number of girls reported as attending public schools.....768
Total.....1,538
Number of boys attending Catholic schools.431
Number of girls attending Catholic schools.463
Total.....894
Number of boys attending select schools....30
Number of girls attending select schools....62
Total.....92
Number of boys not attending any school....173
Number of girls not attending any school....181
Total.....354
Grand Total.....2,878
Whole number of boys enumerated.....1,401
Whole number of girls enumerated.....1,474
2,878

Day School.

	Boys	Girls	To'l
Whole number registered this year	1045	1081	2120
Whole number registered this term	966	1001	1967
Average belonging for month ending March 10	874	863	1737
Average attending	791	789	1580
Percentage of attendance	.91	.91	.91

Clarke Street Evening Schools.

	Men	Women	To'l
Whole number registered	49	35	84
Average number belonging for month ending March 10, 31		22	53
Average attending	22	11	36
Percentage of attendance	.71	.64	.67

Evening Drawing and Book-keeping Classes.

Number in drawing class.....60
Average number attending.....53
Total.....113
Percentage of attendance.....89
Number enrolled in bookkeeping class..18
Number belonging in bookkeeping class 13
Average number attending.....16
Percentage of attendance.....82

Sewing Department.

Whole number of pupils enrolled during year.....190
Whole number of pupils enrolled during current term.....177
Average number belonging for the month 137
Average attendance.....98
Percentage of attendance.....70
Number of cases of tardiness.....2

Cooking Department.

Whole number enrolled during year.....142
Whole number enrolled during current term.....130
Average number belonging for the month 101
Percentage of attendance.....64
Number of cases of tardiness.....34

Mr. Baker also stated that during the past month the schools had been preparing an exhibit for the World's Fair, and that the work would soon be placed on exhibition in this city and also in Providence during the latter part of the month.

The resignation of Miss Mary E. Wood, to take effect May 12, was received and accepted and the matter of filling the vacancy referred to the committee on Teachers.

The resignation of Peter W. Townsend, janitor of the Coddington school building, was accepted and the matter of filling this vacancy referred to the committee on Buildings.

The apparent glaring error in the report of the school census enumerator was referred to and means of redress were discussed. It was finally decided to refer the whole matter to the committee on Finance, to report at a special meeting.

The need of a piano at the Willow Street Kindergarten was referred to the committee on Text Books, and the Superintendent was empowered to communicate with Miss Brazil in reference to a proposed course of lectures on nature study.

Mr. Richard M. Hunt, of Newport and New York, who recently was awarded the Queen's gold medal by the Royal Institute of British Architects, has been an architect for more than fifty years. He is a member of the French Legion of Honor, the British Order of St. Luke's, and last year Harvard University made him an L. L. D.

The hook and ladder company have disposed of their old horses and purchased a new pair, in accordance with the authority granted at the last meeting of the city council.

Mr. Cyrus H. Peckham is improving his property on Broadway by adding a new plate-glass front to store No. 26 occupied by Miss Carney.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Howard have been visiting Mr. Howard's mother on Kay street this week.

Sculptor W. Clark Noble has been in town this week.

Party Caucuses.

The two great political parties of the county have held caucuses this week and elected delegates to their respective state conventions to be held in Providence next Tuesday, and also nominated their respective Assembly tickets for the ensuing year to be voted for on the 5th of next month.

THE REPUBLICANS

of the city held their primary meeting at the State House Monday evening. It was one of the largest attended in years, but perfect harmony prevailed, all nominations being made by acclamation. The selections were as follows:

State Central Committeeman—Albert C. Landers.
Senator—Charles H. Burdick.
Representatives—William P. Sheffield, Jr., Gardiner S. Perry, David Braman, John J. Carry, James H. White.
Delegates to Convention—John H. Whetherell, Robert C. Cottrell, Joseph B. Pike, S. D. Gaines, David T. Pinniger, Samuel H. Norris, Robert S. Gash, Pardon S. Kauffman, Edwin G. Alger, John M. Holt, George L. Ferrin.
City Committee—First Ward, Joseph H. Pike, Arthur L. Gilman, Samuel H. Oxx, John J. Delano, Edward N. Lawton; Second Ward, William A. Peckham, Albert C. Landers, William H. Jackson, Charles E. Harvey, John H. Wetherell; Third Ward, John J. Peckham, Fred M. Hammett, Harwood E. Read, Rev. Henry N. Jeter, George W. Tilley; Fourth Ward, Robert S. Gash, Charles H. Burdick, Percy A. Austin, James W. Johnson, Rev. Mahlon Van Horne; Fifth Ward, William W. Marsel, Gustave T. F. Mueller, Charles A. Easton, Thomas O. Lake, James McLeish.

THE DEMOCRATS

of the city held their ward caucuses Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock and elected delegates from each to attend the city convention held an hour later at the rooms recently vacated by the Herald Company. Ex Postmaster Lewis Brown was elected chairman of the city convention and Mr. G. E. H. Muenchinger secretary. Delegates to the state convention were elected as follows: Samuel R. Honey, H. Astor Carey (at large), M. Dynan, J. A. Hoar, P. J. Murphy, F. F. Nolan, John Waters, Lewis Brown, D. B. Fearing, Hobert Sweeney, P. J. Boyle and J. J. Lynch. After the above election of delegates the meeting adjourned subject to the call of the chairman, when the Assembly ticket and City committee will be nominated.

Real Estate Sales and Rentals.

Louis L. Lorillard has sold three building lots on Webster street to H. Ray Miller of New York.

Sarah E. Watson and others have sold a lot of land on Walnut street to Matilda Wood, for $1 and other considerations.

DeBlois, Hunter & Eldridge have rented for Mr. J. N. A. Griswold the "Terrell cottage" on Kay and Bull streets to Mrs. Shirley Erving for one year.

Wm. J. H. Ailman and Mary C. Ailman have sold to Augusta R. Ailman a lot of land with buildings and improvements thereon on Maitland court.

Herman F. Peckham has sold to James E. Braman a lot of land on Second street, containing 8,000 square feet of land for $1, etc.

Daniel Watson has rented for Mrs. E. C. Hemans her cottage known as "Driftwood," on Lincoln street, Jamestown, to Mr. A. S. Murray, of Baltimore, Md., for the summer season.

Mr. Robert D. Coggeshall has invented two neat appliances for catching fish and will apply at once for letters patent. Many who have seen the hooks, including several fishermen, are much pleased with their promised work and think they will prove most effective in catching cod and other large fish.

Conductor W. W. Sampson is the proud possessor of one of the handsomest trains running out of Boston. The train is made entirely of new cars, a baggage, smoker and two passenger, which left the shop only last Saturday. They are painted black, lighted with gas and provided with every comfort and convenience.

The department president of the Women's Relief Corps, Mrs. Maria Wilson of Providence, and a number of delegates from this city, instituted a new corps at Wickford Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. John E. Seabury, the clothier, has an interesting advertisement in another column which those thinking of buying spring clothing will do well to read.

Coronet Council Royal Arcanum will attend divine service at Emmanuel church tomorrow evening, in response to an invitation from the pastor, Rev. Emery H. Porter.

Mr. Galen Davis, who has been suffering nearly all winter with a broken leg, the result of an accidental fall from a building on Thames street, is able to be out.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Clark, of New York, have been in town this week, guests of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Clark on John street.

A large delegation of Newport Lodge of Elks attended the funeral of the late Luke Schoolcraft in Boston Thursday.

Mr. John McGregor, who died in Elmira, N. Y., Sunday, was formerly a resident of this city.

Mr. and Mrs William S. Lawton have returned from their European trip.

Mr. C. C. Pierce has been visiting Newport friends this week.

SERMONS FROM SCRIPTURE.

Prepared by James C. Sway

Benhadad's Expedition Against Jeboram and What Came of It.

Now when these men were come back, and had showed Benhadad how strange an accident had befallen them, and what an appearance and power they had experienced of the God of Israel, he wondered at it, as also at that prophet with whom God was so evidently present; so he determined to make no more secret attempts upon the king of Israel, out of fear of Elisha, but resolved to make open war with them, as supposing he could be too hard for his enemies by the multitude of his army and power. So he made an expedition with a great army against Jeboram, who not thinking himself a match for him, shut himself up in Samaria, and depended on the strength of its walls; but Benhadad supposed he should take the city, if not by engines of war, yet that he should overcome the Samaritans by famine, and the want of necessaries, and brought his army upon them, and besieged the city; and the plenty of necessaries was brought so low with Jeboram, that from the extremity of want an ass's head was sold in Samaria for fourscore pieces of silver. Now Jeboram was in fear lest somebody should betray the city to the enemy, by reason of the famine, and went every day round the walls and the guards to see whether any such were concealed among them; and being thus seen, and taking care, he deprived them of the opportunity of contriving any such thing; and if they had a mind to do it, he by this means prevented them; but upon a certain woman's crying out, "Have pity on me, my lord," while he thought that she was about to ask for something to eat, he imprecated God's curse upon her, and said, "He had neither threshing-floor nor wine-presses, whence he might give her anything at her petition." Upon which she said, "She did not desire his aid in any such thing, nor trouble him about food, but desired that he would do her justice as to another woman." And when he bade her say on, and let him know what she desired, she said, "She had made an agreement with the other woman, who was her neighbor, and her friend, that because the famine and the want was intolerable, they should kill their children, each of them having a son of her own, and we will live upon them ourselves for two days, the day upon one son, and the other day upon the other; and, said she, I have killed my son the first day, and we lived upon my son yesterday, but this other woman will not do the same thing, but hath broken her agreement, and hath hid her son." This story mightily grieved Jeboram when he heard it; so he rent his garment, and cried out with a loud voice, and conceived great wrath against Elisha the prophet, and set himself eagerly to have him slain, because he did not pray to God to provide them some exit and way of escape out of the miseries with which they were surrounded, and sent one away immediately to cut off his head, who made haste to kill the prophet; but Elisha was not unacquainted with the wrath of the king against him; for as he sat in his house by himself, with none but his disciples about him, he told them that Jeboram, who was the son of a murderer, had sent one to take away his head: but, said he, "when he that is commanded to do this comes, take care that you do not let him come in, but press the door against him, and hold him fast there, for the king himself will follow him, and come to me, having altered his mind." Accordingly they did as they were bidden, when he that was sent by the king to kill Elisha came; but Jeboram repented of his wrath against the prophet, and for fear he that was commanded to kill him should have done it before he came, he made haste to hinder his slaughter, and to save the prophet: and when he came to him, he accused him that he did not pray to God for their deliverance from the miseries they now lay under, but saw them so sadly destroyed by them. Hereupon Elisha promised, that the very next day, at the very same hour in which the king came to him, they should have great plenty of food, and that two seahs of barley should be sold in the market for a shekel, and a seah of fine flour should be sold for a shekel. This prediction made Jeboram and those that were present very joyful, they did not scruple believing what the prophet said, on account of the experience they had of the truth of his former predictions; and the expectation of plenty made the want they were in that day, with the uneasiness that accompanied it, appear a light thing to them: but the captain of the third band, who was a friend of the king's and on whose hand the king leaned, said, "Thou talkest of incredible things, O prophet! for as it is impossible for God to pour down forests of barley, or fine flour, out of heaven, so it is impossible that what thou sayest should come to pass." To which the prophet made this reply, "Thou shalt see these things come to pass, but thou shalt not be in the least a partaker of them."

Now what Elisha had thus foretold came to pass in the manner following: There was a law in Samaria, that those that had the leprosy, and whose bodies were not cleansed from it, should abide without the city; and there were four men that on this account abode before the gates, while nobody gave them any food, by reason of the extremity of the famine: and as they were prohibited from entering into the city by the law, and they considered that if they were permitted to enter, they should miserably perish by the famine, as also, that if they stayed where they were, they should suffer in the same manner, they resolved to deliver themselves up to the enemy, that in case they should spare them, they should live; but if they should be killed, that would be an easy death. So when they had confirmed this their resolution, they came by night to the enemies camp. Now God had begun to affright and disturb the Syrians, and to bring the noise of chariots and armor to their ears, as though an army was coming upon them, and made them suspect that it was coming nearer and nearer to them. In short they were in such a dread of this army, that they left their tents, and ran together to Benhadad, and said, that "Jeboram the king of Israel had hired for auxiliries both the king of Egypt and the king of the islands, and led them against them, for they heard the noise of them as they were coming." And Benhadad believed what they said (for there came the same noise to his ears, as well as it did to theirs:) so they fell into a mighty disorder and tumult, and left their horses and beasts in their camp, with immense riches also, and betook themselves to flight; and those lepers who had departed from Samaria and were gone to the camp of the Syrians; saw nothing but great quietness and silence, accordingly they entered into it, and went hastily into one of the tents and when they saw nobody there, they ate and drank, and carried garments, and a great quantity of gold, and hid it out of the camp; after which they went into another tent, and carried off whatever was in it, as they did at the former, and this did they four several times, without the least interruption from anybody; so they gathered thereby that the enemies were departed; whereupon they reproached themselves that they did not inform Jeboram and the citizens of it. So they came to the walls of Samaria, and called aloud to the watchman and told them in what state the enemies were, as did those tell the king's guards, by whose means Jeboram came to know of it; who then sent for his friends, and the captains of his host, and said to them, that "he suspected that this departure of the king of Syria was by way of ambush and treachery, and that out of despair of ruining you by famine when you imagine them to be fled away, you may come out of the city to spoil their camp, and he may then fall upon you on a sudden, and may both kill you, and take the city without fighting; whence it is that I exhort you to guard the city carefully, and by no means to go out of it, or proudly to despise your enemies, as though they were really gone away." And when a certain person said, that "he did very well and wisely to admit such a suspicion, but that he still advised him to send a couple of horsemen to search all the country, as far as Jordan, that if they were seized by an ambush of the enemy they might be a security to your army, that they may not go out as if they suspected nothing, nor undergo the like misfortun; and (said he) those horsemen may be numbered among those that have died by the famine, supposing they be caught by the enemy."

TO BE CONTINUED.

PORTSMOUTH.

The regular monthly meeting of the Town Council and Court of Probate was held Monday.

In Court of Probate.—A petition for the appointment of an administrator on the estate of John Malone was referred to the first Saturday in April. Mary Ann Sisson, administratrix on the estate of James Moses Sisson, presented an account with said estate for allowance and it was referred with order of notice. The seventh account of George Anthony, as guardian of the person and estate of Mary C. Anthony, was allowed and ordered recorded. Elbert A. Sisson was appointed administrator on the estate of Emma F. Sisson and gave his personal bond in the sum of $300. The report of the commissioners appointed to examine the claims against the estate of Phebe Ann Main, deceased, was referred to the second Monday in April, notice thereof to be given. Silvanus P. Fish presented his accounts as administrator on the estate of David Fish and Edward W. Fish, and they were received and referred to the first Saturday in April.

In Town Council.—Frank C. Cory and William H. Fish as Democratic Supervisors and Charles E. Harvey and John E. Manchester as Republican Supervisors were appointed, and their compensation was fixed at $3 per day. A town ordinance concerning the reporting of contagious diseases to the health officer was passed and ordered placed upon the records, and William T. Harvey, health officer, was ordered to have 25 copies printed, and also that it be published. The following bills were ordered paid: Alexander G. Manchester, surveyor of highways for district No. 2, labor on road $9.20; Lorenzo D. Tallman, surveyor of highways for district No. 1, repairs on highway, $25.65; Lorenzo D. Tallman, services as Stone Bridge Commissioner, $10; William W. Anthony, surveyor of highways for district No. 4, repairs on road, $03.20; William T. Harvey, services as Town Sergeant and Health Officer, $23.65; Restcome P. Manchester, Canvassers' and Clerks' fees, and Council's allowance this session, $12; William T. Harvey, Overseer of the Poor, assistance to outside poor, $11.

The Williams Swiss Bell Ringers and Novelty Company, of Boston, will give one of their entertainments in Oakland Hall, on Saturday evening, the 25th inst.

The Republican electors of this town met at the Town Hall on Monday evening and John B. Cornell was elected chairman; Joseph G. Dennis, secretary; Charles Henry Dyer, Milton Dennis, Joshua S. Fish and Restcom P. Manchester delegates to convention; Hon. Edward F. Dyer, State Central Committee; Messrs. J. A. Sisson, Charles E. Chase, Henry C. Anthony, George E. Sisson and Charles Henry Dyer, Town's Committee. Hon. Edward F. Dyer was nominated for Senator and Benjamin Tallman for representative.

Abner Potter, one of Portsmouth's oldest persons, died on Sunday in the 91st year of his age, just two weeks from the death of his wife, Elizabeth Potter. The funeral services were held at his late residence, on Tuesday, at 12 m., at which time Robert P. Gifford, of Providence, made an instructive address from the words, "In my Father's house are many mansions, if it were not so I would have told you. I go to prepare a place for you." Uncle Abner had long been a prominent member and speaker in the Friends' Society. He formerly lived in Darthmouth, Mass., where he was employed in the tanning and leather business, and was also interested in whale fishing. Since his marriage he had resided in Portsmouth. The burial was in Darthmouth, Mass., on Wednesday, where another service was held, in the Friends' meeting house, one of the speakers being a lady 83 years of age.

Mr. Herbert W. Borden met with quite a painful accident last Saturday evening, as he was going home from one of his neighbor's where he had been making a call. He slipped and fell striking upon his elbow with such force as to split the cap of his shoulder. Dr. F. J. Barker, of this town, rendered the necessary aid.

Chattanooga

BY F. A. MITCHEL

LATE U. S. A.

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[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER XVII.

SURPRISED.

"I am the guest of that young lady."

The next morning Mark hearing a tap at the door got out of bed and opened it cautiously. As was natural under the circumstances, he saw danger in everything that occurred. He half expected to see through the slight opening he at first made the muzzle of a revolver pointing directly at him. He saw a very different sight. It was a large tumbler, with a straw in it, on a silver tray in the hands of a negro.

"Mrs. Fain's compliments, sah," and he handed Mark a mint julep.

"Ah!" exclaimed Mark, with intense satisfaction.

"Present my compliments to your mistress, and tell her I perceive with pleasure that this noble Virginia custom has found its way into Tennessee, as it has long ago into South Carolina."

"Yes, sah!"

"There are alleviating circumstances even in the life of a spy," said Mark, contemplating the beverage, "uncertain as that life is. Why will man not always be a philosopher? Here I am in a beautifully furnished room; have been sleeping between the whitest linen, on the softest of beds. I arise and behold this delicate attention on the part of my hostess, who, if she should know who I am, would bring a dozen bayonets to hedge me in, and I should be waving in the soft summer breeze at the end of a hemp cord in twelve hours. But she does not know who I am, and, considered philosophically, I am Mr. Rhett, of South Carolina, and in clover. Here's to Private Mark Malone, poor devil!"

However, Mark desired to keep his head cool, considering the circumstances, and contented himself with a few swallows of the julep, and after completing his toilet joined the ladies at the breakfast table. He praised Mrs. Fain's fried chicken and light biscuit and corn bread, and was about to give the coffee a few words of encomium when, fasting it beforehand, he discovered the prevailing chicory. So he entered upon a tirade against the blockade, and ended by hoping that Abe Lincoln would at last be hanged higher than Haman, a reference that gave him a disagreeable sensation about the neck and caused Laura's bosom to heave tumultuously.

The comforts surrounding Mark, the kindness of his hostess, and above all the presence of a girl whose bosom seemed to contain such volcanic forces as would best harmonize with one whose chief object in life seemed to be to get himself hanged, conspired to make him feel a safety that he should not have felt under the circumstances. He had been campaigning for a year, during which period he had experienced no greater comfort than a McClellan saddle, and the women of the country through which he had passed had not received him with any marked evidences of pleasure. Is it to be wondered that he felt approximate content—if one can feel content whose neck is in a halter—in the Fain manor house?

But Mark had something else on his mind which he knew was of more importance than his own safety, though its value, if he should possess it, would be dependent on that safety. He wanted some indication of where the enemy would strike. He was not so foolhardy as to think of going back to Chattanooga himself, but he resolved to send a messenger. If he could find some one to go to town that day, the latest news could be brought him in the evening. Then he would assume a disguise and be off in the night.

After breakfast he took his pipe and went out to smoke in the yard. He sauntered around to the barn and found Daniel at work upon the horses.

"Daniel," he said, "good morning."

"Mornen, sah," said Daniel, eying him suspiciously.

"Nice lot of stock you have here, Daniel."

"Yes, sah; fine stock."

"And I see you take good care of them. That pony shines as if his coat had been oiled."

"Dat Missie Laurie pony, sah."

"Ah! It's a fine animal. And is that her phaeton?"

"Yes, sah."

Mark was standing very near Daniel, and suddenly turned and looked him in the eye, knowingly.

"Daniel," said he, "are you all right on the cause of freedom?"

"Reckon I air, sah."

"Suppose you had a chance to favor that cause, the cause which if it triumphs will make all darkies free, would you do it?"

"Reckon I would, sah."

"Well, suppose a Union man were to ask you to"——

"Yo' counterance air berry falliliar to me, sah."

"Do I look like Mr. Slack?"

"God bress the Lo'd! I wonder if yo' air Mr. Slack?"

"Or the colored girl who came here the other night," Mark asked in a low, confidential tone.

"Fo' de Lo'd!"

"Never mind who I am, Daniel. I'm a Union man. Now I want you to go into Chattanooga and learn all you can of the latest army news. Don't trust your own eyes, but ask people what's going on. I want to know if troops are leaving Chattanooga, and if so, where they are going. Here are ten dollars. Buy some things for the old woman and the children, and ask questions—of other people I mean, not me."

"Trus' me fur dat," said the old man, and going to the stable he began to harness a horse to the family wagon.

When Mark finished smoking he went into the house. He passed into the library, where he found Laura. She seemed to feel easier than when Mark had been up stairs, but she was in continual dread. Mark asked her to sit on a sofa facing one window while he sat facing another. "Then we'll have the position enfiladed," he said.

Laura did not understand what that meant, but she did as he desired.

They sat thus without suffering the watch to relax during three delightful hours—delightful notwithstanding the danger Mark was in. Laura wanted an account of his adventures in Chattanooga and he gave it. When she came to Souri's part in his escape Laura was visibly affected; indeed so intensely were her feelings wrought upon by this portion of the story that she started at every sound, realizing the more perfectly that Mark's neck was still in jeopardy.

Then came an account of the trial; the march to the courtroom; the waiting for the counsel; the arrival of Captain Cameron Fitz Hugh.

"Captain Cameron Fitz Hugh!"

Then it was all out that Laura's lover had defended the spy, and Laura confessed that she was Fitz Hugh's betrothed.

In the midst of the excitement attending all this Mrs. Fain entered carrying a silver tray, on which was a basket of cake and a decanter and glasses.

"A little luncheon may not be amiss, Mr. Rhett," she said. "I don't know your South Carolina customs in such matters, but my daughter and I occasionally take a biscuit at this hour."

Mark rose and faced about. His hand went to his heart and he bowed low. Laura, too, rose and stood looking at her mother.

"Madam," said Mark, "can I ever forget this kindness?"

"If you will discover the ore you seek on our property I shall feel amply repaid," said the lady sententiously.

"Trust me, madam, I will have diligent search made."

"Are you a geologist?"

"None but a geologist would be hunting for ore in the government service."

Mark stood with the stem of a wine glass between his thumb and finger, appropriating to himself such impressement as would naturally fill the breast of a South Carolina geologist hunting for iron with which to make cannon for the government.

"That is a fascinating study," remarked Mrs. Fain, who was a great reader and a very intelligent woman.

Now Mark, though an educated man and born to a taste for the sciences, unfortunately knew less about the profession he had temporarily adopted than any other.

"There are some curious geological facts," Mrs. Fain went on, "which always interest me. I was reading yesterday that a famous geologist has said that centuries—I have forgotten how many—were consumed while Niagara falls were wearing their way from Lewiston to the present site. How long was it, professor? I'm sure you have that title."

"It could not have been less than five hundred years, madam," said Mark, laying great stress on the figures as something enormous.

"Five hundred? I thought it was something like twenty thousand!"

Mark perceived that he had made a gross blunder, but it would never do for him to acknowledge it.

"I am aware," he said, "that such is the opinion of a certain school of geologists with more assurance than brains. I refer to those scoffers who are continuously trying to find evidence against the Mosaic account of creation, but I regard their position untenable."

There was a pleased look on Mrs. Fain's countenance. She belonged to the Baptist denomination, and believed thoroughly that the world was made in six days of twenty-four hours each.

"Professor," she said, withdrawing from the room at the same time, "I trust that you will remain in the neighborhood a long while, and I beg you to honor us by making this house your home in the meantime."

Mark was standing with a half filled glass of wine in his left hand, while his right was on his heart. Mrs. Fain made her exit through the door by which she had come, opening into the dining room. As the door closed Mark was bending to the floor, admirably representing a South Carolina gentleman of the olden time.

He heard something like a low cry—half surprised, half terror—from Laura. Turning quickly toward her he saw her eyes fixed in a stare on some object at the door opening into the hall. Another turn of his head and there stood the figure of Captain Cameron Fitz Hugh.

Twice before had Mark seen that face, once when Fitz Hugh had approached the Fain house the morning Mark had left it for Chattanooga, and once when the young Confederate had defended him at the trial.

No sooner had Captain Fitz Hugh laid eyes on Mark's face than he recognized the spy he had defended at Chattanooga.

"Professor," he said coolly, "you are very adroit."

Mark turned scarlet, and then ashy pale. For a moment it seemed that his legs would not support him. It required time for him to collect himself to make any reply whatever.

"Since you are so good at extricating yourself from difficulties, you have a fine opportunity to show your skill now." Fitz Hugh spoke with his hand on the handle of his pistol. "May I trouble you to throw up your hands, professor?"

"It is not necessary" said Mark. "I am unarmed."

A picture of his certain fate flashed across his mind, and he wished Fitz Hugh would shoot him.

"On your word of honor?"

"Why do you ask such a question? You know that I am an arch deceiver."

"At any rate, you are a gentleman. Never mind throwing up your hands."

Meanwhile Mark had been giving his heart time to cease thumping, and had gathered his wits.

Laura remained silent, staring at them both as though she had lost her reason. Had she a hundred things to say her tongue could not have been made to utter one.

Mark turned toward Fitz Hugh and looked him square in the face. He had conceived an idea; a forlorn hope, it is true, still a hope. Quick to discern people's peculiarities, he had gotten an insight into Fitz Hugh's character when that officer had defended him at Chattanooga. He now resolved to take advantage of that knowledge.

"Captain," he said, "notwithstanding the position in which you saw me a few days ago, notwithstanding the painful situation in which you see me now, you have on both occasions done me the honor to consider me a gentleman. I assume to a perception in this respect not less keen than yours. Indeed so sure am I of the delicacy, the refinement of your instincts, that I feel perfectly safe under this roof."

"How so?" asked Fitz Hugh, surprised.

"I am the guest of that young lady."

Mark stood with his arm outstretched, his finger pointing to Laura Fain. Laura gave a glance at Mark as he spoke, which caught the eye of Captain Fitz Hugh. It contained admiration, devotion. Fitz Hugh gazed from one to the other without a word.

"I need not explain further, captain," Mark added. "A gentleman cannot mistake my position; only a gentleman can understand it."

"You mean, sir," said Fitz Hugh, "that I cannot honorably enter this house and profit or cause my country to profit by what I find here without the consent of the inmates."

"I do."

"Mrs. Fain is the acknowledged head of this house, and she is evidently deceived. But I concede to Miss Fain the right to speak for her. I acknowledge Miss Fain's right to hold me to this secret, if any one has such a right. But when Miss Fain shall have been fully advised of all the facts"——

"Pardon me; she knows all you know."

"Then when Miss Fain shall have duly considered the interests of her country I am quite sure she will give her consent."

The attention of both men became fixed upon Laura, for it was evident that she would be called upon to make a decision between her country and her lover on the one hand and the defenseless Union spy on the other. She was standing near the sofa on which she had been sitting, steadying herself by resting her hand on the back of a chair. It was a moment of intensest feeling to all three. Laura knew the sterling worth, the high sense of honor and duty of her lover. She knew that if she held him to secrecy he would consider it evidence that she permitted her interest in the spy to overwhelm her sense of duty. And would he not attribute her protection to something more tender than an ordinary interest? Fitz Hugh realized her position; indeed there seemed to flash into both of them the feeling that her decision would lie between two men—her lover and the Federal spy. With Mark it was a question of life or death.

"Miss Fain—Laura," said Fitz Hugh, speaking slowly and impressively, "I ask your permission to give up this impostor—pardon me, sir, for the plainness of my language; it is essential—this spy, who desires to carry information north to the detriment of our country; who seeks the defeat of our cause—the cause in which your brother is every day risking his life; lastly—though this may be a matter of small importance—the cause for which I, your lover, would lay down my life as I would lay it down for you. It seems to me that it is a question between your duty and your inclination. Does it seem so to you?"

"It does."

"Then tell me, may I send for a guard to take him?"

Laura's eyes shown like those of a tigress at bay. In a firm, clear voice, she said:

"No!"

For a few moments there was the stillness of death.

"She has decided in your favor, sir," said Fitz Hugh, whose color left his cheek when Laura spoke the little word that decided his and Mark's fate. "You have nothing to fear from me." Then turning to Laura:

"I can understand the motive, the temptation. The act remains."

"You may consider yourself released from all ties with one whose act you do not approve," said Laura.

"Be it so," and he turned to go.

Mark sprang forward and seized him by the wrist.

"My God, this shall not be! You believe that this is due to more than an ordinary womanly interest in Miss Fain for me. It is not so. I swear to you on the honor of a gentleman and a soldier, that Miss Fain has manifested no other feeling than one of commiseration for a man hunted for his life."

"Your words do you credit, sir. Miss Fain, will you make my adieus to your mother? And I leave it to you to impart to her whatever, if anything, you may have to say as to the reason for my farewell to you."

He turned quickly and left the room.

CHAPTER XVIII.

OFF FOR THE UNION LINES.

"You uns is a gentleman, and I air poor white trash."

Mark's first impulse after Fitz Hugh's departure was to leave the house at once. He tried to say something to Laura to soothe her, to excuse his own unfortunate part in her breaking with her lover. He could only go to her and taking her hand kissed it without a word. Then he told her that he should take the risk of capture and depart instantly.

He was discoursing upon the method of his departure in quick, excited tones, when a horseman entered the yard, and riding up to the veranda threw a letter from his belt and handed it to a negro who went out to receive it. It was for Mrs. Fain. It had been sent through the lines from Nashville, where her husband was lying dangerously ill, and begged her to come to him.

After its perusal Mrs. Fain determined to set out the next day, taking with her her daughter and the maid Alice. Daniel would drive them.

"You shall go with us," said Laura to Mark. "This is fortunate. In our company you will be far safer than trying to make your way alone."

It occurred to Mark that since he was being hunted as a half starved creature in the disguise of a negro girl he would be less liable to suspicion as a well dressed man traveling with a party of southern ladies than in any other character. At any rate he took this view of it, and when Mrs. Fain announced her intention to go he offered to escort the party to the Union lines.

The offer was accepted, and preparations were made to leave the next morning. Mrs. Fain wrote a note to the officer in command at Chattanooga (to send with the letter she had received from her husband for his perusal) asking for a pass for herself, her daughter and two servants. Mark took the missives and went out to find Daniel, who had just returned from Chattanooga.

"Well, Daniel?"

"I be'n dar."

"What did you learn?"

"I hearn ebery one talken 'bout sojers goen to 'de norf, and dey sayd day was goen to Knoxville. Dey was marchen 'n marchen all de same way. I follered 'n day brung up at de depot, 'n I sor one train after anudder go out full o' sojers inside and hangen on to de platfo'm and on de roofs."

"How many trains did you see go out?"

"'Bout forty hundred."

"Daniel," said Mark, smiling at the figures, "you're smart as a whip. But you'll have to go right back to Chattanooga, and take this note to the commanding officer with this letter from your sick master to show him. The note is a request for a pass for the party to the Union lines. Keep your wits about you, and if he is an easy going sort of a man, you might try to get him to put in three servants instead of two. At any rate try to ring me in if you can. Do you understand?"

"Reckon I do, sah."

"Can you read?"

"A leetle. Missie Laura learned me."

"Well, read the pass he may give you and ask him to fix it so that it will include me as a servant. But you must use your judgment."

Daniel drove again to Chattanooga. Mark waited anxiously for his return. Indeed so impatient was he that he thought the negro had been gone twice as long as he had when he saw him drive into the yard. He at once went out to the barn to meet him.

"Any luck?" he asked anxiously.

"I got de pass for misses and de res', but I didn't get what yo' wanted. I got a paper hyar. Mebbe it'll do."

Mark took the paper. It was a pass for Thomas Green and wife from Chattanooga to the Union lines.

"How did you get this," asked Mark, surprised.

"I hab to wait while folks was getten passes. De officer go out to de udder room fur a moment. Dis was layen on de desk 'n I tuk hit up and brung hit away."

"Well," said Mark, "it's not exactly what I want. But ingenuity will have to help me through. You're a trump, Daniel."

In the morning when all was ready for the departure two vehicles were brought around to the door, the one, a two horse carriage, the other Laura's phaeton, drawn by her pony. Mrs. Fain entered the former with Alice, Daniel being in the driver's seat. Laura and Mark got into the phaeton.

Mark took the lead, designing to make for Battle Creek. The distance was not twenty miles, and he knew that they

(Continued on third page.)

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Funniman—I hope you'll get it.

Sharpe—I think I shall; I've had all kinds of times there.

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"Yis, sorr, but I'm a domed soight happier to think that I got mine fust."

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A. C.—Never, my son, never!

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CONTINENTAL STEAMBOAT COMPANY.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and After Monday, Sept. 19.

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PROVIDENCE,

Week days only, at 8 a. m. Leave Providence for Newport week days only, at 4 p. m. Stop at Prudence Tuesdays and Fridays only. Stop at Conanicut Fridays only.

EXCURSION TICKETS ONLY 90 CENTS.

All freight must be delivered at the Wharf 30 minutes before steamer leaves to insure shipment. A. LIVINGSTON MASON, Gen'l Manager.

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Railroad & Steamboat Co.

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Between Newport, Boston, Providence and New York.

In Effect MONDAY, FEB. 27, '93.

Newport and Wickford R. R. and Steamboat Co. and New York, New Haven and Hartford R. R.

Leave Newport at 10.30 A. M., arrive at New York 4.30 P. M.; New Haven 2.25 P. M.; New London 12.57 P. M.; Providence, 12.30 P. M.; Boston, 1.55 P. M.

Leave Newport at 1.30 P. M., arrive at New York 7.30 P. M.; New Haven 5.25 P. M.; New London 3.65 P. M.; Providence 3.15 P. M.; Boston 4.30 P. M.

Leave Newport at 4.30 P. M., arrive at New York at 11.00 P. M.; New Haven 9.05 P. M.; New London 7.40 P. M.; Providence 5.13 P. M.; Boston 7.30 P. M.

Leave Newport, 6.15 P. M., arriving in Providence at 9.65 and Boston 11.00 P. M.; New York (via Providence) 7.00 A. M.

*Leave New York 12.00 midnight, via Providence; New Haven 2.05 A. M.; New London 3.40 A. M.; Boston 12.00 midnight; Providence 5.20 A. M.; arrive at Newport 6.25 A. M.

Leave New York at 5.00 A. M.; New Haven 7.25 A. M.; New London 10.15 A. M.; Boston 11.00 A. M.; Providence 11.10 A. M.; arrive at Newport at 1.00 P. M.

Leave New York at 10.00 A. M.; New Haven 12.05 P. M.; New London 1.30 P. M.; Boston 1.00 P. M.; Providence 2.15 P. M.; arrive at Newport at 3.55 P. M.

Leave New York at 1.00 P. M.; New Haven 3.05 P. M.; New London 4.20 P. M.; Boston 3.00 P. M.; Providence 5.00 P. M.; arrive at Newport at 7.00 P. M.

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JAMESTOWN FERRY.

Beginning Wednesday, March 1, 1893.

STEAMER CONANICUT

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Jamestown, 6.15, 8.15, 10.45 A. M., 1.30, 3.30, 5.00 P. M. Sundays at 9.45 A. M., 4.00 P. M.

Leave Newport, 6.45, 9.30, A. M., 12 M., 2.45, 4.15, 6.00* P. M. Sundays, 10.15 A. M., 4.35 P. M.

*Or on arrival of Providence boat.

Old Colony Railroad.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations, may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

ON and after Monday, Oct. 17, 1892, trains will leave Newport, for Boston, week days, 7.15, 10.15 A. M., a12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Return 5.15, 6.30, a9.30, 11.40 A. M., 3.40, 4.35, a5.10, b6 P. M. Middletown, c7.20, c10.15 A. M., c2.55 P. M. Portsmouth Grove, 7.20, c10.15 A. M., c2.55 P. M. Portsmouth, 7.20, c10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Bristol Ferry, 7.20, 10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Tiverton, 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Fall River, 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Taunton, 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Middleboro, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Cape Cod, 7.45 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Plymouth, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 2.55 P. M. New Bedford, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Fitchburg, and stations on Northern Division, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Lowell, 7.45 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Cottage City, Oak Bluffs, 7.45 A. M. Nantucket, 7.45 A. M. Providence, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Return 7.45, 9.55 A. M., 12.40, 4.30, d6.35 P. M.

SUNDAYS, for Boston, 6 00 P. M. Return 4.30 A. M., b7 P. M. For Tiverton, Fall River, North Easton, Bristol Ferry, Taunton, Stoughton, Randolph, South Braintree, Braintree, Quincy and New Bedford, 6.00 P. M.

aPark Square Station.
bPark Square Station, boat from Fall River.
cWill stop to leave passengers or when flagged.
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Teutonic	Aug. 26,	11 a. m
Britannic	Sept. 2,	a. m
Majestic	Sept. 9,	9:30 a. m
Germanic	Sept. 16,	3:30 p. m
Teutonic	Sept. 23,	9:30 a. m
Britannic	Sept. 30,	3:30 p. m
Majestic	Oct. 7,	8:30 a. m

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Dr. Parker's works are the best on the subjects treated ever published, and have an enormous sale throughout this country and Europe. Read them and learn to be Strong, Vigorous and Manly. HEAL THYSELF.—Medical Review.

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The numerous imitations of our Quinine Chocolates prove conclusively their merits. In chronic forms of malaria, characterized by headache, loss of appetite and general weakness, their use is especially indicated.

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NEW YORK'S POSTAL SERVICE.

Interesting Facts About the Growth of the Delivery System.

The fair of the postoffice employees was an incentive to resuscitate and revivify every postal article obtainable that was quaint, ancient, and antique, even to an exhibit of a picture of the building used for the first postoffice. In connection with this might have been mentioned the fact that it was in 1623, nine years after the construction of the first fort at the southern end of Manhattan Island, that the first postoffice saw its beginning. Previous to this, masters of vessels bringing letters from domestic and foreign ports brought them on shore and left them at a coffee house, where the merchants, the burghers and the loungers met to discuss the topics of the day. Here the letters were deposited in a rack, where they might be obtained by the persons to whom they were addressed.

In 1660, when New Amsterdam consisted of straggling groups of one story houses with peaked roofs and gable ends fronting the street, and when the city extended no farther north than Wall street, there was the town winding near the Battery, and the government house stood in Water street, near Whitehall. It was in this year that the letter carrier first appeared—the lounger who carried the mail to the merchant or burgher. It was not until 1692, however, that the first city postoffice was established, near Bowling green, the postmaster being Richard Nichel.

In 1710 the British postmaster general established the general postoffice in this city and ordered that all mails coming by vessels should be sent there. A year later post routes between New York and Boston and New York and Albany were established, and the mails were carried on horseback twice a month. In 1740 a similar route was established between New York and Philadelphia.

In 1753 Benjamin Franklin was appointed postmaster general of the colonies. Alexander Colden soon afterward succeeded Richard Nichel as postmaster of the city, which office he held until the beginning of the Revolution, when the postoffice was abolished by the British officials and remained closed for seven years.

William Bedlow, after whom Bedlow's island was named, was the first postmaster appointed after the war, and in 1786 he was succeeded by Sebastian Bauman, at which time the postal revenue was $2,789, and the city directory contained 926 names only.—New York Tribune.

Bound to Say Something.

Among other anecdotes of university life Dean Hole tells of an occasion when there was some doubt as to the locality of a city mentioned in a Greek text, and the lecturer addressed a youth who had just come up from the famous Shrewsbury school, "Now, Mr. Bentley, you are a pupil of our great geographer, Dr. Butler, the Atlas of our age, who carries the world not on his shoulders, but in his head, and you can probably enlighten us as to the position of this ancient town." "I believe, sir," was the prompt reply, "that modern travelers are of the opinion that the city ought to be placed about ten miles to the southeast of the spot it now occupies on our map."

After receiving respectful thanks for his information, the informer told Dean Hole as they left the lecture room that he had never heard of the venerable city before, but that for the honor of Shrewsbury and the reputation of Dr. Butler he felt himself bound to say something.

Mr. Bement's Cabinet of Minerals.

The largest and richest private cabinet of minerals in America is said to be that of Mr. Clarence L. Bement, of Philadelphia. His collection fills nearly a whole floor of his large house, which is lighted with special reference to seeing his treasures to advantage, and none of the public museums have specimens of a size, beauty and perfection to surpass those that he has been patiently gathering for the past twenty years or more. The leading dealers in this country have standing orders to send him the best of what comes to them, and they willingly do so, for he is prompt and liberal in his payments, being a gentleman not only of of enthusiasm, but of ample fortune. What he does not take is sent to the British museum as the second best buyer. While it is difficult to set a price on a scientific collection, it is said by those who should know that Mr. Bement's cabinet is worth at least $125,000.—New York Sun.

The Old Way.

Mr. Halloran, an up river pilot of celebrity, who was studying the lower Mississippi river, told me that he remembered when it was the custom for the mates to hit lazy negroes on the head with a billet of wood "and knock them stiff." The other negroes used to laugh, presumably as the sad faced man laughed when the photographer clapped a pistol to his head and said, "Smile, or I'll shoot you." When the felled negro came to the others would say, "Lep up quick an git to work, nigger; de mate's a-coming." They do not urge the help with cordwood now—so the mate of the Providence told me—because the negroes get out warrants and delay the boat.—Julian Ralph in Harper's.

Old Time "Reviewing."

The first age of the great modern reviews and magazines was an age of kicks and rough horseplay. Party spirit ran high under the regency, and literary criticism, so far from being the "disinterested" affair which Matthew Arnold demands, was avowedly run upon political lines. Libel suits and challenges rained upon magazine editors. Jeffrey and Moore went through the forms of a duel. The Chaldee manuscript had to be suppressed in the second edition, and cost Mr. Blackwood a thousand pounds as it was. Aggrieved persons lay in wait for editors in the street.

Thus one Mr. Douglas, of Glasgow, who had been roughly handled in "Maga," came to Edinburgh and horsewhipped Blackwood, and was in turn beaten by Blackwood, who had re-enforced himself meanwhile with a cudgel and with the Ettrick Shepherd.—H. A. Beers in Century.

A Frenchman who had by chance passed over a narrow plank lying across a deep gorge in the dark, on viewing the spot the next day fell down dead while contemplating the dangers of the previous night.

(Continued from second page.)

could make it in a few hours. It was a bold game he was playing, but the proximity of the halter was wearing on him, and he desired to get rid of suspense. Besides his presence, connected with his critical situation, was wearing on Laura. He therefore felt an exhilarating pleasure when they drove out of the gate and trotted along the pike westward. Hope cheered him.

All went well during the first ten or twelve miles, when Mark received a piece of information which seriously interfered with his plan. Meeting a courier riding toward Chattanooga, who looked as if he might be the bearer of some important news, Mark hailed him and asked if he had anything from the front.

"The Yankees air getten no'th right smart," the man replied. "Reckon th' air left Battle Creek."

Mark argued that if this were true there would be confusion on that route, and it would be better to take another. They were not far from the road leading from the Chattanooga pike north to Anderson, on which the Slacks lived. Mark concluded to take this road as far as Anderson, and then strike west with a view to reaching McMinnville on the other side of the mountains. Mrs. Fain left all to Professor Rhett, in whom she had perfect confidence, and on coming to the road in question Mark led the party northward.

The change of route was unfortunate, inasmuch as it would add another day to the journey. The departure from the Fain residence had been delayed by the preparations till nearly noon. McMinnville was a considerable distance over the mountains, and Mark knew they could not reach it that night. He remembered that they would soon pass the Slacks', and it occurred to him that it would be a capital place to pass the night, giving them a good day of twelve hours light on the morrow to pursue their journey. His disappointment at the delay was compensated for by the thought that he would likely learn something of Souri and Jakey, of whom he had heard nothing since he left them in the Chattanooga jail.

Mark told Laura of his plan. She was distressed at the delay. Something seemed to tell her that it would bring trouble. But Mark's reasoning was unanswerable, and there seemed nothing else to do. If they must spend a night anywhere it would better be among those upon whom Mark could rely.

At last they drove up at the Slacks' gate. Mark handed the reins to Laura and jumped from the phaeton impatiently. Not seeing any one in the front of the house he proceeded to the rear. The first person he met was Jakey. He took the boy up and hugged him.

"Are you glad to see your big brother, Jakey?"

"Air th' corn riper?"

Souri came out of the house, her big eyes glistening and her expressive face radiant with pleasure and excitement. She had heard nothing of Mark since he left her in prison. Mark seized her by both hands.

"You uns air safe. I knowed it," she said, almost in a whisper. She could hardly speak for joy.

"For the present, Souri, thanks to you."

Mark asked no questions then. He knew that they were safe and at home, and he hastened to inform them and the father and mother who came out to welcome him that he was with a party who was unaware of his true character, which they must not betray, and desired permission to stay in the house over night. Then he led them around to the gate. Daniel had meanwhile caught up, and the two vehicles were halted in the road.

"We will spend the night with these good people," said Mark. "They are quite willing, and will make us as comfortable as possible."

The party alighted and the horses were driven to the barn. Mrs. Fain and her daughter were given the room in which Mark had changed his clothes when he went through to the south, and Mark was assigned a bivouac on the gallery, or in the barn, or any other place he might select.

An apology for a meal was carried in to Mrs. Fain and Laura, which they left untasted, preferring a luncheon they had brought with them in a basket. After supper Laura came out and begged Mark to bring Souri and Jakey to speak to her. She smoothed Jakey's tumbled hair out of his eyes and asked him if he remembered her. Jakey was about to reply in his usual fashion when he checked himself, and for the first time since Mark had known him answered directly. Souri stood eying Laura from the corners of her black eyes with a mingled expression of admiration and antagonism. Laura spoke to her kindly, but got only monosyllables in reply.

Mark passed the evening with the Slack family listening to a recital of Souri's and Jakey's experience after he had left them in the jail at Chattanooga, and he gave them an account of his own adventures.

After all were asleep that night Mark took Farmer Slack out into the yard, where they could converse unheard, and developed a plan he had conceived for Souri and Jakey.

"It is due to your son and daughter," he said, "that I am here at this moment, indeed that I am alive. I belong to a wealthy family and am wealthy myself. It only requires means to make a splendid woman of the girl and a fine man of the boy, for means will produce education, and education is the open door to a desirable career. I am going to leave with you a letter to my father in Ohio, which will contain an order for a sufficient amount of money to insure both Jakey and Souri an education. Take or send them north, present the letter, and you will find everything provided for you. Souri may not consent at once, but doubtless she will in time. Now I must have pen and paper."

"You uns is a good un, stranger. Y' treat us fa'r. Hadn't you better send the letter when y' git no'th?"

"No. I must write it tonight. I am by no means safe; my neck is still in a halter."

The man led the way to his bedroom, where the old woman was sleeping. There he produced writing materials, and Mark wrote an order which, whether he lived or not, insured the future of his two friends, his preservers among the "poor white trash" of Tennessee.

The night was passed with snatches of sleep by all the party. In the morning, after the pork and corn bread meal of the country, the travelers again got into the carriages. While they were standing before the gate prior to departure Mark saw Souri out by the well-house. He went there to bid her goodby.

"Souri," he said, "I wish there was some way in which I could show you the gratitude I feel toward you. When I think of my fate, had you not appeared in the nick of time to save me by your wit and daring and sacrifice, I feel that I would like to make some corresponding sacrifice for you."

"Laws, I didn't do nothen. Besides"—she leaned over the well and looked down into its depths—"you uns and me is too differ. Yer uns is a gentleman, an I I air poor white trash."

There was an inexpressible melancholy in her tone.

"Souri," Mark went on, "I have made an arrangement with your father to make a lady of you. I can't make such a sacrifice for you as you have made for me; that is impossible; but I can do this if you will act with me and consent to the plan. I shall be off in a moment, and before I go I want you to promise me that you will consent. I am still in danger, and you must grant me this as perhaps a last favor."

The girl burst into tears.

"Promise."

"I don't keer what I do."

"Do you promise?"

"Yas, I promise."

With a pressure of the hand he turned away, and stalking to the gate got into the carriage beside Laura. Daniel and Mrs. Fain had started. Mark followed, and had gone but a short distance when he heard Jakey calling to him. He pulled in the pony and waited for the boy to come up. Jakey was holding something out to him, which, as he drew nearer, Mark recognized as the red silk handkerchief.

"Souri sent it ter y'."

"Tell her that I'll never part with it."

"'N I got the squirrel gun," said the boy.

"All right, Jakey. Keep it to remember me by."

Mark grasped the boy's hand and then drove on. Laura Fain leaned back on the cushions in silence.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Why a Man Loses Faith.

Ex-Judge Henry E. Howland is credited with the following:

It is the gross and palpable subterfuges, deceits and evasions that are abhorrent to our natures in dealing with the outside world, like that in a prohibition town in Maine, where a lank and red nosed countryman called into a drug store and placing a demijohn on the counter said to the clerk, "I want a gallon of rum, baby's sick," or the cautious sparring for an advantage suggested by the answer of the rector of a country parish who was revising his sermon one Sunday morning and was waited upon in his study by his organist, who asked what he should play. "I don't know," said the rector, absentmindedly; "what kind of a hand have you got?"—New York World.

A Cure for Snake Bite.

Another treatment for snake bite is added to the long list of remedies that have come from many countries. It is said that the natives of Australia have comparatively little fear of snake bites. They keep always at hand a piece of string made of human hair. The string is tied tightly three or four inches above the bite, a small circle an eighth of an inch deep is cut around the two fang punctures with a knife, and the large vein below the bite is slit to allow the blood to run out. The last stage of this heroic treatment is the turning on of a stream of water to the affected part and the rubbing down steadily of the limb for about twenty minutes.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

The Number Three In Daily Life.

In the nursery rhymes and tales of childhood who cannot remember the "Three Wise Men of Gotham" who took a sea voyage in a bowl, not to mention the helpless trio of blind mice whose tails were cut off by the farmer's wife?

Examples of this sort might be multiplied indefinitely, but coming down to everyday life, our meals are regulated by the rule of three, while the sick patient would be guilty of treason to his doctor if he refused to take his medicine three times a day.—New York News.

Success of Electric Plants.

The question, "Is light or darkness conducive to the growth of an electric plant?" was recently discussed by a debating society in a western college. Some stated that light was, because if no lamps were lit there would be no profits, while others said that darkness was, because if there was no darkness there would be no need of lights. The debate finally terminated in a draw.—New York Press.

Two Women Speak

For the benefit of others.

Miss Helen Smith,

43 22d Place, Chicago, Ill., says:—

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Woodstown, N. J., writes:—

"I had been sick 10 years with womb trouble and leucorrhœa. I could do no work. Doctors could not help me. *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound* did. Now I can do all my work, and stand nearly all day, and not feel tired. I cannot thank you enough. I recommend it to every woman who has any weakness."

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Scottish Union & National of Edinburgh and London.
Northern Assurance Co., of London.

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Phenix Ins. Co. of Hartford	4,706,12[illegible]
Imperial Ins. Co. of London	8,127,800
Guardian Ins. Co. of London	7,866,19[illegible]
Providence Washington Ins. Co. of Providence	960,42[illegible]
British American Ins. Co. of Toronto	992,44[illegible]
Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn	5,863,17[illegible]
Queen Ins. Co. of London	7,978,99[illegible]
Lancashire Ins. Co. of Manchester	6,498,18[illegible]
Scottish Union & Nat'l Ins. Co of Edinburgh	5,332,064
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FURNISHED AT SHORT NOTICE.

16 Franklin St., Newport, R.I.

Residence. No. 1 School St.

Prepared Coke.

An excellent Summer fuel,
Kindles quickly and
Makes an intense fire,
Especially good for open grates.
Cleanly, convenient and economical
Delivered anywhere within the compact part of the city.

Leave orders at either office

181 THAMES ST.

—OR—

557 THAMES ST.

THIS IS THE SEASON

When you can secure especial bargains in the common or unprepared coke when taken in quantities of one hundred bushels or upwards at the Works. For terms, apply at either office.

THE NEWPORT

Gas Light Co:

Alex. N. Barker,

DEALER IN

Lumber & HardWare

BRICK, LIME, CEMENT, ETC.,

205 THAMES ST.

—AND—

LOPEZ WHARF,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Removal.

LAW OFFICES

OF

PECKHAM & TYLER,

ROOMS 70-78 Trinity Building, 111 Broadway, New York City.

(Near Wall Street.)

Telephone Call, "3,985 Courtlandt." 6-12

I. W. Briskham Jackson

PORTRAIT

and

Landscape Photographer,

No. 6 Equality Park,

NEWPORT, R. I.

J. D. JOHNSTON,

Architect & Builder,

Plans and Estimates furnished on application. General Jobbing, Mason, Tile and Stucco Work executed with dispatch.

Shop 63 Mill St. P. O. Box 161. Office 70 Pelham St. Residence 116 Church St. 3-14

ORANGES,

DATES,

FIGS.

Nuts,

At the very lowest possible prices. Also

Canaries!

—AND—

Brass Cages.

W.F.Williamson,

[296 Thames Street.]

February Sale.

My entire stock of

FRAMED PICTURES,
WALL POCKETS, EASELS,
PICTURE FRAMES, &c., &c.,
at 25 to 50 per ct. discount,
during this month.

W. H. ARNOLD,

12 Broadway.

The Mercury.

JOHN P. SANBORN, Editor and Proprietor

SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1893.

EDITORIAL NOTES

Much of this week's weather has been in accordance with general expectations for March—changeable, with high winds.

The New Hampshire House of Representatives has voted that it is "inexpedient to legislate" on a bill prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors.

The two great political parties will hold their State conventions in Providence next Tuesday when their respective candidates for the election on April 5 will be selected.

An attempt is being made to secure a boat race next July between the winning crew of the Harvard-Yale race and the winners of the Oxford-Cambridge race. It is said that the prospects of success are favorable.

It is figured out at Washington that visitors spent about $2,600,000 between March 2 and March 6. The hotels are said to have done a better business than in the week of the Grand Army encampment, which goes to show that politicians have more money to spend than old soldiers.

The act in amendment to Chapter 13 of the Public Statutes, passed by the House of Representatives Thursday, is a move in the right direction and should be made a law at once. No right-minded citizen would oppose any measure looking to the prevention of fraudulent voting.

An attempt is now to be made to get the United States Supreme Court to issue an injunction against restraining the opening of the gates at the World's Fair on Sundays. The grounds of complaint will be that the corporation is an Illinois one, and that Congress has no power to make the obnoxious restriction.

Hours in New York grow later every season. It is quite rare that a private concert begins much before half-past ten, so that society can attend other functions not of a social nature before going. As for New York dances, eleven o'clock is not at all an uncommon hour for them. New York's 400 are not the hewers of wood and the drawers of water.

The appointment of a successor to U. S. Treasurer Nebeker, who has resigned, will make necessary the counting of all the money in the treasury. This will require a force of sixty expert counters and thirty assistants, and involve two months hard work before the task can be accomplished. At its completion the bond of the old treasurer is released.

The first election of the new city of Somerworth, formerly the town of Great Falls, N. H., was held Tuesday. There was great excitement and a tremendous contest in every ward. The Democrats elected their Mayor, Franklin N. Chase, but the Republicans will have a majority in each branch of the city council. Thus the new city starts off with honors easy, so far as party politics is concerned.

Boston has been exceedingly unfortunate in her number of disastrous fires since the new year came in, suffering the destruction of immense properties and the loss of many lives. Her latest and most destructive occurred last Friday afternoon, when property to the value of fully $4,000,000 was destroyed and four lives lost. Help was called from neighboring cities, Providence responding with two steamers and their companies.

The railroad switchmen at Chicago are forcing their demand for higher wages by a strike which threatens to be wide spread and disastrous. The road involved now is the Chicago and Eastern Illinois, though it is generally admitted that the respective sides are supported by the railroads and the labor organizations. Many members of labor organizations are resigning from the militia, because they do not wish to be called upon to suppress disorder or to protect railroad property.

There seems to be positive confirmation of the story that Gordon McKay has given to Harvard an estate valued at from $2,000,000 to $4,000,000. Mr. McKay was once a machinist on the Boston & Lowell road, but turned his attention to invention and revolutionized the business of making shoes. Nearly all his inventions have been for the development of this business, and he derives at present an enormous income from royalties and from stock in many shoe manufactories. The gift to Harvard is made by will and is of course subject to revocation, which, however, is considered in the last degree improbable.

The matter of most general interest and importance acted upon in the General Assembly this week is probably the resolution introduced by Senator Baker of Barrington. This resolution provides for an amendment to the Constitution whereby all elections in Rhode Island—whether state, city, or town—shall be decided by a plurality instead of a majority vote as at present, a change that, with the increased number of political parties, is almost a necessity. Of course the passage of the resolution at this time does not make the desired change, it having to be approved by another General Assembly and then by the people, but that it will come in proper course there is now no doubt.

General Assembly.

At least two important measures have been considered in General Assembly this week. One, the resolution of Senator Baker of Barrington, amending the Constitution so that all majority elections will be done away with and the plurality vote elect in all state, city and town elections, and the other, an act in amendment of chapter 13 of the Public Statutes, introduced in the House by Mr. Wilson of East Providence, which is in the interest of an honest ballot. This act provides that every person who in any election shall fraudulently vote or attempt to vote, not being qualified, notwithstanding his name may be upon the voting list at the polling place where he shall so vote or attempt to vote; or who shall fraudulently vote upon the name of any other person; or having voted in one town, ward, or voting district, shall vote or attempt to vote in the same or in another town, ward, or voting district; or who shall vote or attempt to vote in a town, ward, or voting district other than in the town, ward or voting district wherein he has his residence and home at the time of his voting or attempting to vote; shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment not less than 60 days nor more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Court; and no person after conviction of such offence shall hereafter be permitted to exercise the privilege of voting for any military or civil officer. It was made special order for Thursday when it passed the house, after a long fight, by a vote of 41 to 12. The second special order for Thursday—a substitute to an act amending section 4 of Chapter 10 of the Public Statutes, providing that every moderator or warden and every town, ward or district clerk, who shall receive the names of persons not on the lists, or who shall reject the names of persons on the lists, or who shall fraudulently manipulate ballots, shall be fined not less than $500 or more than $1000, or be imprisoned not less than one year or more than five, either or both, at the discretion of the Court, was then called up and the substitute act passed.

Bell Telephone Patents.

A thorough search of the record of the patent office discloses the fact that the telephone patent granted to Alexander Graham Bell, March 7, 1876, expired last week. This patent covers broadly the art of "transferring to, or impressing upon, a continuous current of electricity in a closed circuit by gradually changing its intensity, the vibrations of air produced by the human voice in articulate speech, in a way to cause the speech to be carred to and received by a listener at a distance on the line of the current."

Letters patent to Professor Bell, granted January 30, 1877, will expire January 30, 1894. The supreme court has in this patent sustained claims for a sounding box, for a speaking tube or mouthpiece, and for a metallic diaphragm, broadly. These details are so fundamental that a commercial instrument could hardly be constructed without them.

An unknown patient received at Bellevue Hospital last week turned out to be James Sidney Brown, who was formerly well known as an artist and who was one of the first men in this country to make daguerreotypes. As a young man he was a student at the National Academy of Design, and afterwards in Paris. He had distinct success as a portrait painter and enjoyed the personal aquaintance of Samuel F. B. Morse, Charlotte Cushman, General McClellan, Napoleon III and many other well known people. He was one of founders of the American Society of Water Color Artists. When he applied himself to making daguerreotypes he sent specimens to the London Exposition of 1851 and was awarded a gold medal. In one way and another misfortune followed him and, for several years he has lived in poverty. He had, however a valuable collection of pictures, the sale of which will, it is said, provide abundantly for the short time he probably has to live.

The reports which Professor Garner sends back of his success in dealing with the African monkeys is so strange that it reads like the fantastic imaginings of a modern writer of sensational fiction. He tells how he captured a chimpanzee by hypnotizing it with his revolving mirror, and how from it he obtained the monkey word for sun, light, or brightness generally—"achur." He declares that he has with him a chimpanzee that can talk, and a gorilla which knows certain German expletives, and that he has written down nearly two hundred monkey words.

Of late there has been a great deal of insubordination in the Charlestown (Mass.) State prison. Last week Governor Russell took the matter in charge, with the result that the warden was removed and Gen. B. F. Bridges appointed.

Capt. and Mrs. Oliver E. French have returned this week from California, where they have been visiting their son, and where the Captain has some real estate interests.

Miss Belle M. Randolph has had plans drawn for a two-and-a-half-story dwelling to be erected on her recently purchased lot on Broadway. The building will measure about 30x47 feet.

The street cars have resumed their regular hourly trips to the Beach, the obstrution of ice and snow having been removed by the thaw.

The Vanderbilt family is said to own laces which represent a money value of $500,000.

SHE PROVES IT.

And the Proof is Just What Our Readers Want.

Of How It Began She Hasn't the Slightest Idea.

But Concerning its Ending She is Explicit and Exact.

We never know just how a thing begins.

But we are always certain of the results which are left.

These reflections were called out by the fact that it is so easy to drift into anything. In this world we must keep our eyes about us or we shall constantly find ourselves drifting into trouble.

We call to mind an instance in which a most estimable lady unconsciously and without knowing when or how, allowed herself to drift into what became to her a most serious matter and caused many years of anxiety and suffering.

This lady is widely known—Mrs. Mary Jane Foster of 327 West 21st Street, New York City, and what she says are true and exact facts, as can be easily and readily ascertained by anyone. If experience is of any use, hers is certainly a revelation to be heeded by all.

Without knowing their meaning she had a dull feeling head, headaches, dizziness, bad taste in the mouth, especially mornings. Her sleep was broken and she would wake mornings feeling tired and exhausted. After a time the appetite became irregular, there was a fullness or bloated feeling after meals, risings of gas, sour stomach, biliousness and constipation,—such symptoms, in fact, as people frequently experience during the spring of the year.

MRS. MARY JANE FOSTER.

"Why," she said, "for years after I suffered from the worst form of dyspepsia, with gas and fermentation of food, and terrible spasms that seemed to start at the stomach and rise to the head.

"Even the lightest food caused great pain and distress after eating, and I also suffered with great exhaustion, dizziness of the head, and weakness of the limbs so that I could scarcely stand on my feet.

"But I am now completely cured by the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I take pleasure in giving my experience to the public in order that other sufferers may be cured as I have been."

Look out for such troubles in the beginning. Now, in the spring, when everybody is certain to be more or less out of order and needs a spring medicine, take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy immediately, for it is the best and surest of all spring medicines. It will invigorate the blood, strengthen the nerves and give you perfect digestion and regular action of liver, kidneys and bowels. All druggists keep it for $1.00, and it is purely vegetable and harmless.

It is the great remedy recommended by doctors for spring debility and diseases because it is the discovery and prescription of the well-known physician, Dr. Greene of 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., the successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. The doctor can be consulted without charge by anyone, either at his office or by writing to him.

Dr. Charles H. Fisher, of the State Board of Health, is, by invitation of Surgeon General Wyman of the United States Navy, a member of the council of 18 now in session at Washington, D. C., to consider and adopt such methods and measures as may be deemed most effectual in the prevention of the introduction of cholera and typhus fever under the quarantine act of the last Congress.

C. J. Burdick, salesman for William S. Sweet and Son, Providence, had a rough experience while driving in the woods a mile below Kingston station Monday noon. He was attacked by some unknown person and sandbagged. The attack was probably the act of tramps with the intention of committing highway robbery, but who were frightened away before carrying out their intention.

Mrs. U. S. Grant, who recently sold her home in New York, wishes to live in Washington and is said to have made an offer for the Blaine house in that city. It is doubted whether the Blaine family will allow it to pass out of their hands.

Here's a story for the writer of Southern romances: Mrs. Julia Phinzy, formerly a slave, died recently in Atlanta, leaving property valued at $20,000. She made Marion Phinzy, son of her old master, her heir.

The Westerly Weekly says that the difficulty between the manufacturers and stone-cutters at Stony Creek, Conn., has not yet been settled.

WASHINGTON MATTERS.

President Cleveland and the Office Seekers—Hawaiian Annexation—Notes.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 13, 1893.

One of the most difficult roles ever attempted by a public man is that of setting himself up as being better than his party. This the friends of Mr. Cleveland have persistently done for him ever since his entrance into National politics, and the claims of his worshipers about his having refused to make one single promise during the last campaign have been louder than ever since his last inauguration. Well, the idol has been shattered, and in view of the whole world. One of the most prominent nominations to office he has made—ex-Governor Gray, of Indiana, to be minister to Mexico—was the result of a bargain made at the Chicago convention, not, it is true, by Mr. Cleveland in person, but by his personal representative at that convention, Hon. W. C. Whitney, of New York. The terms of this bargain were that Gov. Gray was to withdraw as a Presidential candidate and throw the Indiana delegation to Mr. Cleveland and in return was either to have a place in the cabinet or a first class foreign mission, if Mr. Cleveland were nominated and elected. That bargain has now been carried out by Mr. Cleveland, just as any other politician would have carried it out, and it is about time there was a cessation of the talk about his being better than his party.

Mr. Cleveland's ingenius method of knocking the army of office seekers out by sections, as it were, shows that he is a wiser man than when he was President before, and has furnished no end of amusement for those not after office, as well as for the office seekers not in the prescribed sections. First, he disposed of the section that were after the offices held under four year commissions, by telling them that no official would be removed until the expiration of his term, except for cause. Next he jumped on the section that held office under his first administration, nearly all of whom were here ready and willing, not to say anxious to again affix their autographs to the official pay roll, by telling them that none of them would receive an appointment, unless it were in some exceptional case where special qualifications were demanded that were not possessed by any new applicant. And his last knock-out was directed at the democratic editors who are hankering after the official fleshpots. His words on this subject are herewith quoted for the especial benefit of the editors of your democratic contemporaries, who might otherwise make the mistake of expecting an office. "I have been surprised," said Mr. Cleveland to a Congressman who called on him in the interest of a democratic journalist, "to notice the very large number of newspaper men who have made application for office. I remember that during the recent campaign, and in fact during almost the whole of the last administration, the democratic newspapers charged that in the appointments of Whitelaw Reid, and other journalists Mr. Harrison was attempting to subsidize the press. Now, don't you see that I should be laying myself open to precisely the same charges if I were to honor the drafts made on me by newspaper men? I do not like the idea either, which the editors of little democratic papers all over the country seem to have, that they are entitled to the office of postmaster in their town."

Those close to the administration say that the withdrawal of the Hawaiian annexation treaty from the senate does not indicate that Mr. Cleveland is opposed to annexation. They say that he thinks a more satisfactory treaty can be negotiated and sent to the Senate before the peresent extra session comes to a close. In other words, if these gentlemen be correct in their statements, the principal objection to the treaty was that it was negotiated by a republican, instead of by a democratic administration.

Representative Henderson, of Iowa, predicts that the Fifty-second Congress will go down to posterity as "the know-nothing and do-nothing Congress," and indications are plenty that the Fifty third Congress, which will be controlled by democrats in both branches, will rival if not surpass it in knowing nothing and doing nothing.

There has been a red-hot, although not a public fight, over the re-organization of the Senate. It is not entirely over yet, but it has gone far enough to show that Mr. Cleveland has been defeated in his attempt to have the committee on finance made up in the interest of his own financial ideas and against silver. Senator Vorhees, a pronounced silver man, will be its chairman, and a majority of its members will be silver men.

Ex-Postmaster General Wanamaker has started on a long vacation tour to secure the rest needed after his four years of hard work. He travels in a private car, and has his family and a few friends with him. When the party arrives home on May 1st, they will have traveled 12,161 miles. They will have passed through twenty-one States, three Territories and one province in Canada, in addition to touching the District of Columbia, and will have traversed more than 2,850 miles in Mexico.

A contract for one year has been formerly entered into by the New York, New Haven and Hartford and the Boston and Maine railroads, whereby the New Haven agree not to try to control business north of the Boston and Albany, while the Boston and Maine binds itself not to enter territory south of that point. By this arrangement, what might prove to be a very serious competition has been avoided.

A baby elephant has been received at Roger Williams Park, Providence, this week. He comes from India, is 2 years old, stands 4 feet 1 inch high and weighs nearly 400 pounds. He has not yet been named.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars; free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

M. COTTRELL,

Furnishing Undertaker

3 DOORS SOUTH OF POST OFFICE.

Residence, No. 79 Thames Street.

R. M. COTTRELL, Residence 164 Mill st.

NEWPORT.

Horsford's

ACID PHOSPHATE.

An agreeable preparation of the phosphates, for Indigestion, Nervousness, Mental and Physical Exhaustion.

Recommended and prescribed by Physicians of all schools.

Trial bottle mailed on receipt of 25 cents in stamps. Rumford Chemical Works, Providence, R. I.

A cottage 25½x29½ feet is to be built on Gibbs avenue, near Bliss road, for Mrs. Mary E. Brownell.

A. O'D. Taylor

1 H—To rent in one of the most picturesque parts of Middletown, a large, commodious house for boarders, with stable, &c.; bathing facilities. $600

2 H—Four and a quarter acres for sale on East river front, near Mr. Booth's place—beautiful site for building.

3 H—For sale—4 acres of land well suited for market gardening, with double house for two families, about 3 miles from Newport. Rentals, $225; price $3,750

4 H—To rent—Fales farm, McCorry's Point, Portsmouth; or would sell—area 194 acres, farm house, sea beach, &c.

Office 124 Bellevue Avenue, NEWPORT, R. I.

Glad to reply to inquiries.

MARRIAGES

In this city March 16 at 11 Kilburn court, by Rev. W. F. Arrington, Mr. Abram Wordell and Miss Harriet J. Brownell, both of Little Compton.

DEATHS

In this city, 10th inst., Mary A., wife of Joseph Sharpe.

In this city, 11th inst., suddenly, Caroline, wife of Thomas H. Melville, aged 57 years.

In this city, 13th inst., Frank, son of Patrick Buckley, in the 22d year of his age.

In this city, 16th inst., Simon C. Kelley, aged 83 years and 8 days.

In Wakefield, R. I., 7th inst., Martha A., eldest daughter of D. M. C., and the late Martha C. Stedman, in the 61st year of her age.

In Buffalo, N. Y., 9th inst., Rudolph Finkenstaedt, aged 51 years.

In Portsmouth, 12th inst., Abner Potter, in his 91st year.

In Chelsea, Mass., 13th inst., Mr. Henry T. French, formerly of this city.

In Providence, 10th inst., Henry A. Potter, 83; 10th, William M. Bailey, Jr., 52; 10th, at the Rhode Island Hospital, Dr. Louis P. Griffin, 60; 13th, Eliza Green, wife of William W. Aldrich, 65; 13th, Joanna Crawford, 90; 13th, Paris Winsor, 78; 13th, Amos Walker, 62; 11th, Phebe M., widow of Captain J. A. Law, 70; 13th, Betsey Dana, aged 100 years, 7 months and 13 days.

In Foster Centre, 9th inst., Orrilla H., wife of William A. King and daughter of the late Isaac Briggs, in her 74th year.

In Tiverton, 1st inst., Jotham S. Hart, in his 67th year.

In Adamsville, 6th inst., George H. Reed, in his 66th year.

At Pascoag, 10th inst., Mrs. Michael Murphy, sister of Rev. James Looby of this city.

In East Providence, 11th inst., Rev. George R. Spink, in his 86th year.

In Barrington, 14th inst., John Bowden, in his 79th year.

SIMEON HAZARD

OFFERS FOR SALE

A few acres of land on Alley road, in Middletown, a fine site for a gentleman's suburban home or an excellent location for a market gardener. The lot contains about four acres, and is so handy to the city that the matter is worthy of careful consideration by those considering the advisability of such a purchase. For further particulars apply to

SIMEON HAZARD, Sole Agent, 91 Broadway.

"All salt is salt, isn't it?"

By no means.

All salt

(Except Worcester Salt)

is some mud and much salt.

But Worcester Salt is

Pure Salt.

This is either a lie or the truth. Prove it yourself by asking for a test.

Nash, Whiton & Co., New York.

FRAUDS

will be

Perpetrated for Gain.

Unscrupulous manufacturers of medicines are offering to supply the retail druggists with an article put up in RED wrapper, almost identical in general appearance, and closely assimulated in every detail to Carter's Little Liver Pills.

In this way they hope to profit by the merit of Carter's Little Liver Pills, and palm off an imitation on the unsuspecting sufferer and purchaser.

It is the source of wonder to honest people, that there are men ready and willing to perpetrate such frauds.

Let them beware; a day of reckoning will surely come, there are "upright judges" in the land who will punish such people.

When you go for a bottle of Carter's Little Liver Pills, ask for "CARTER'S" insist upon having "CARTER'S," and see that you get "C-A-R-T-E-R-'S"

The proprietors of Carter's Little Liver Pills have spent hundreds of thousands of dollars to make their value known. True merit always wins with the people, CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS have won.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

NOTHING ON EARTH WILL

MAKE HENS LAY

LIKE SHERIDAN'S CONDITION POWDER

It is absolutely pure; Highly concentrated; Most economical because small doses; No other ever made like it. Strictly a medicine, not a food; You can buy or raise food as cheap as we can; Prevents and cures diseases of poultry. Worth its weight in gold when hens are moulting. "One large can saved me $40; send six more to prevent Roup" says a customer. Sold at druggists, grocers, general stores, and feed dealers. Large cans most economical.

If You Can't Get it Near Home, Send to Us. Ask first.

We send postpaid one pack for 25c; Five $1. A 2 1-4 lb. can $1.20; Six cans $5, express paid. Sample copy of FARM-POULTRY, "the best poultry paper" published, sent free. One large can and a year's subscription to Farm-Poultry sent for $1.50, cash or stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House Street, Boston, Mass.

DO YOU WANT FENCE

of any kind this Spring? If so before buying examine the combined WIRE and PICKET FENCE, made with CEDAR pickets, any height or strength required, adapted for all general uses, makes a chicken, hog, sheep or cattle fence without a rival. Cannot injure stock, and is a portable fence. Strong, durable, cheap. Send for new price list.

WOODWARD ENTERPRISE MANF'G CO.,

Calender cor. Sabin street, Providence, R. I. 34-tf ROBERT WOODWARD, Treas.

BRIGGS & CO.,

COMMERCIAL WHARF,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

CAR LOAD OF

BUFFALO

GLUTEN FEED,

For Sale in Lots of One Ton or More,

In Depot at Car Load Prices.

SEED POTATOES.

Last year Mr. Roberson, of Parkhurst & Roberson, selected the seed I sold. It was raised by themselves and by members of the Pomona Grange. This year Mr. Roberson has associated himself with Mr. Phair, who is also a seed grower. The seed I offer will be raised by themselves, and from seed furnished to members of Pomona Grange. For reference I refer you to Mr. B. B. Blackstone, master, and Mr. H. C. Townsend, secretary, of Pomona Grange. My seed will be in about March 6. I invite you to call and examine it.

Stockbridge Manures

ARE IN AND READY TO FILL ANY ORDERS.

Landreths' Garden Seeds.

I am agent for these Northern grown seeds, they are all tested before put on the market to sell. I have a full line on hand.

A. A. BARKER,

162 & 164 BROADWAY.

Schreier's

Queen Anne Millinery Establishment,

143 THAMES STREET,

GREAT BARGAINS!

ALL OUR

WINTER STOCK

To be Sold at Half Cost,

To Make Room for

SPRING GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED.

Elegant Roses, Buds, Violets, Palm Leaf, and a Variety of Other Flowers.

IT IS TOO BAD

To spoil a nice tablecloth with IRON RUST, INK or FRUIT STAINS. LIQUID PEARLINE will surely remove the stains and is perfectly harmless. Try it.

Have you tried

White Rose Washing Powder?

We are selling 30 ORANGES for 25 cts., they are tart.

15 FLORIDA ORANGES for 25 cts., they are sweet.

Try "Bird's" Custard Powder.

Try Shredded Codfish.

Try Rockwood's Cocoa.

WING & THOMPSON, 172 & 176 B'way, Lake's Korner

Ask questions:

"Is it handsome, genuine, accurate?

Is it modern, with all the improvements? In all sizes and styles for everybody; the new, **quick-winding** Waterbury?"

Yes—to everything. A prominent publisher writes:

"You made one additional customer, and my **quick-winding** Waterbury is a better time-keeper than a hundred-dollar watch a friend of mine bought some months ago."

Yet the cost ranges from $15 down to $5. It has a jewel movement, and is cased in dainty chatelaines, hunting-cases, open-faces, filled gold, coin-silver, etc. Every jeweler sells it.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

Saturday, March 11.

A woman was burned to death at Natick, Mass——A fatal wreck occurred on the Pan Handle road at Union City yards——Rebels are said to have captured Santa Anna, Brazil——Boston capital is seeking investment in New Jersey towns——A 13-year-old boy was found dead at his home in Roxbury, Mass——The stories of embezzlement at the United States consulate at London are denied——City clerk of Portland, Me., confessed to frauds in the election returns——A woman was suffocated by gas at the Hampton House, Boston. It is probably a case of suicide——An Omaha woman started the kitchen fire with kerosene, the result being that she, her husband and three children were perhaps fatally burned——Action has been taken to improve the efficiency of the Dartmouth college board of trustees——The medical examiners do not think Miser Babbit of Mansfield, Mass., was poisoned——Michael A. Sullivan probably fatally shot his son at Gardiner, Mass——Fire in a Pittsfield, Mass., block caused $15,000 loss——The treasury situation indicates that there is no immediate necessity of issuing bonds or using the gold reserve——There is a belief that the president will send some one to Honolulu to investigate before acting definitely on the annexation question——Two vessels are to be sent to Greenland soon in the hope that Verhoef and the crew of the lost Platina may be alive——There is a steady falling off in our exports of manufactured goods and increase of importations, in spite of the heavy duties——Members of Dominion government protest against the consummation of the Whitney coal deal.

Sunday, March 12.

Theodore Bergeon was arrested at Lowell, Mass., for selling a mortgaged cart——Mrs. Nancy A. Welch, who celebrated her 100th birthday last October, died at Lyman, Me.——John Moore of Springfield, Mass., was run over by a freight train and had his left leg badly crushed——Michael Costigan, a workman in the paper mills at Bellows Falls, Vt., was killed by being struck by a crank shaft——George W. Lamb, who organized the original fire department at Danbury, Conn., is dead, aged 78——The new magazine gun board met at Springfield, Mass., but adjourned within an hour, as no guns were submitted——At Worcester, Mass., Joseph S. Perkins, 80 years old, a painter, fell down a flight of stairs and fractured his skull. He will die——Isaac F. Haire, wanted in Boston, Waltham and Worcester, for passing worthless checks, was arrested in the latter city——Mamie Carr, an orphan, 9 years old, was burned to death at Bridgeport, Conn., while attempting to encourage the fire with kerosene oil——William Lincoln of Worcester, Mass., and Patrick Connor of New Haven are under arrest in the latter place for having committed burglary. Both have confessed.

Monday, March 13.

The Russian government bought 100,000 bushels of Canadian barley for seed for Finnish farmers——Mexican trade is being diverted to Spanish and English merchants——The Chicago switchmen's strike has been averted for the present——Luke Schoolcraft, the well known negro minstrel, died suddenly at Cincinnati——Sunday school children at Springfield, Mass., were overcome by coal gas——Floods are still threatening in many parts of Pennsylvania——The strike on the Ann Arbor road will probably be speedily adjusted——The French cabinet is expected to fall, as a result of the disclosures in the Panama scandal——Charges of cruelty of officers in the German army toward privates brought on a turbulent scene in the German parliament——The German army bill may not be presented to the reichstag until after Easter——Little credence is given to reports of growing coolness between Emperor William and the Vatican——Convicts at the Massachusetts state prison spent Sunday in yelling and cursing——Bennington (Vt.) sewer contracts are to be given to Massachusetts parties——Ex-United States Treasurer James W. Hyatt died at Norwalk, Conn.——Steamer City of Boston of the Norwich line collided with a schooner in New London harbor; no one was hurt——Steamer Wells City of Bristol, (Eng.) went ashore at Seabright, N. J——Cornell may have a crew in the annual freshman race at New London, Conn——The danger of a general strike at the World's fair grounds has been averted——Revenue cutter Rush is supposed to be fitting to take the senate commission to Hawaii——Forty-seven varieties of trees are to be shown in Massachusetts, forestry exhibit at Chicago.

Tuesday, March 14.

Premier Gladstone is slightly ill——An East Boston man drowned himself——Another election is to be held in Portland, Me——Brazilian rebels captured arms and ammunition——Schooner yacht Alert of Boston was damaged in a hurricane off Bermuda——Joseph Millard of Omaha is spoken of for the Union Pacific presidency——A South Boston man was arrested charged with uttering a forged contract——It is proposed to change California's state capital from Sacramento to San Jose——More suits were brought for infringement of Edison's patents on electric lights——New immigration regulations were promulgated by the secretary of the treasury——Further seizures of Canadian sealers by the Russians in Behring sea are expected——Attorney General Pillsbury of Massachusetts is talked of by the Republicans for governor——Dixon and Griffin, the featherweights, are virtually matched to fight at 120 pounds——Three men were killed in a train wreck near Oneida, N. Y.,——Great floods in the Mohawk valley were caused by an ice gorge——The Chinese authorities are preparing to seize the portion of the Pamir region occupied by Russia——Fourteen men were killed by the collapse of a building at Carlsbad——Morning Star lodge of Worcester celebrated its 100th anniversary——Democrats victorious in the Biddeford (Me.) election——Democrats secured control of the city government of Augusta, Me.——A banquet was tendered to ex-Senator Dawes of Washington——Scenes of madness occurred in the French chamber. A vote of confidence in the ministry was carried——S. S. Howland of New York is a candidate for the post of minister to Japan——Mr. Gladstone is confined to his bed and suffers from oppression of the lungs——Andrew Hooley attempted to chloroform and assault two girls at Milltown, Conn——Liabilities of the Atkinson House Furnishing company of Boston may reach $250,000. B. A. Atkinson is heavily involved and made an individual assignment——Mrs. Arthur Wrayton of Emerald Isle, N. S., was held in $500 bail on a charge of causing the death of William A. Thurston of Chelsea——Harry Kernell, the noted Irish comedian, died at Bloomingdale insane asylum, Asbury Park, N. J——A Chicago man fatally shot his wife, a nurse and himself while drunk——Joseph Millard of Omaha is spoken of for the Union Pacific presidency——The Maine legislature requested that Mr. Blaine's body be transferred from Washington to Augusta, Me——Frank Barnes of Provincetown, Mass., and Dora Newton blew out the gas in a Boston hotel. The woman is dead and the man is in a dangerous condition——Russell Sage has notified the trustees of the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute of his intention to add $700,000 to its endowment fund.

Wednesday, March 15.

A rumor was in circulation in Boston that Governor Russell was shot. It proved groundless——East Harwich, Mass., is all "torn up" over the report that Rev. David Chambers had kissed a married woman. Mrs. Lizzie Dolliff committed suicide at North Biddeford, Me——The Kansas Trust and Banking company is embarrassed; liabilities, $800,000——Health officers of the marine hospital service have been summoned to Washington to discuss quarantine——A memorial association to erect a statue of Hon. James G. Blaine at Augusta, Me., was formed in that city. The amount of free gold in the treasury is increasing——The administration is considering the personnel of a Hawaiian commission——The price of anthracite coal was reduced by the sales agents at New York——Weavers in New Bedford (Mass.) mills complain that the so-called advance in wages means a cut down. Destructive prairie fires are raging in Colorado——The political situation in Venezuela is critical——Fire in the Exeter (N. H.) cotton mills did $150,000 damage. An eastern man will probably be made pension commissioner——A cotton warehouse was burned at Bootle, Eng.; loss $500,000——A son shot as accessory to his father's murderer at Nashville, Tenn. Maine is being flooded with circulars from New York green goods men——The ameer of Afghanistan refuses to meet the Indian government's representative. The effort to raise funds for a monument in memory of Heinrich Heine at Dusseldorf has failed. Miss Ellen Crafts, a teacher in the Watertown (Mass.) high school, committed suicide by drowning herself in a cistern. Sir John Abbott, ex-premier of the Dominion of Canada, now traveling in Europe for his health, has been given up by his physicians, and is returning to die. It is said that Colonel John M. Wilson, now superintendent of the West Point Military academy, will be appointed a brigadier general in the army vice Brigadier Carr, retired——Peter Turney, governor of Tennessee, who took the oath of office a few weeks ago on a sick bed, has had a severe relapse, and doubts are entertained about his recovery.

Thursday, March 16.

An attachment of $100,000 tied up nearly all the rolling stock of the New York and New England railroad at Hartford——Thomas Harper, warden of ward 1, charged with fraud at the recent election at Portland, Me., was arrested——Republicans secured control of the Bangor (Me.) city government——The American cup committee sent another letter to Dunraven explaining why the dates of the races were fixed so late——Louis Jordan of Indianapolis will, it is understood, be appointed first auditor of the treasury——Stranded steamer Wells City, ashore off Seabright, N. J., was floated——A fast express was derailed at Bolingbroke, Ga., and several passengers were hurt——Chinamen are registering in Boston under the exclusion act——Michigan rivers are over their banks and doing great damage——Edward Parker Deacon sailed for New York on the Trave——A whole family perished in a Colorado prairie fire——S. Lord Mount-Stephen and Sir Donald Smith made a second gift of $1,000,000 to a Montreal hospital——Rev. William Graham of Boston fell dead while addressing a temperance meeting in Cambridge, Mass.——A eulogy of Hon. F. T. Greenhalge upon the late General Butler, and poem by James Jeffrey Roche was delivered before the Boston city government——Two persons are supposed to have been killed and several injured by the falling of a burning building upon a dwelling in Chicago——The comptroller of the currency has issued his certificate extending the corporate existence of the Manufacturers' bank of Boston to April 9——The comptroller of the currency has called for a report of the condition of the national banks at the close of business on Monday, March 6——Bids have been opened at the treasury for the construction of five lightships for use on the great lakes——The Craig Shipbuilding company of Toledo were the lowest bidders at $67,499——Baron Emanuel Albert du Casse, conspicuous in France as a soldier and writer on military subjects, is dead. He was 70 years old——Miss Lucy H. Cleveland, the cousin of President Cleveland, died at Alton, Mich.

Friday, March 17.

The Fall River Bar association took action on the charges against Judge Blaisdell——George Tozier of Plymouth, Mass., was committed for trial for shooting his son——A London Russo-Jewish committee sent appeals to every banker of that faith to boycott the Russian loan——General Vasquez besieged General Bonilla in Honduras——England is urged by France to keep faith with it in the matter of French fishermen's rights in Newfoundland. Chili's famous nitrate beds are to be sold in three years——A congress of sanitary officers is to assemble in Russia to devise protective measures against cholera. British monetary conference delegates will be instructed to oppose bi-metallism. The Ivy City Jockey club of Washington closed its season with a loss of $30,000. General Keyes is reported dying——Lord Salisbury has the influenza——An 1804 silver dollar was sold to a Boston dealer for $1900——Smallpox is on board the steamer Tacoma, at Victoria, B. C——Many of Garza's followers have surrendered to United States authorities——Denver banks may lose $200 by their offer to exchange gold for legal tender notes——Adelia O'Neil received a divorce from James O'Neil, professor of physical culture for the Racquet club, a well-known New York society organization——Recorder Smyth of New York refused a new trial to Murderer Harris——Ex-Congressman Whiting is a candidate for Governor of Massachusetts. A new price was presented for Haverhill (Mass.) shoe cutters——General Green B. Raum, pension commissioner, has resigned and Secretary Smith has accepted the resignation——Advices from St. Michael, the largest of the Azore Islands, to March 5, bring no news of the Naronic——The Ann Arbor strike is ended. The recommendations of Commissioner Kirby were concurred in by President Ashley——Governor David Powell of the Bank of England states that the liabilities of the Baring failure have been reduced from £30,000,000 to £15,558,000——It is said that when Mgr. Satolli visits New York he is to consider the case of several priests, whom Archbishop Corrigan suspended in 1887 for attending a lecture by Dr. McGlynn.

OUR WORLD'S FAIR LETTER.

The Different Types of Humanity Seen at the World's Fair—Japanese Mechanics—How Africa Will be Represented at the Exposition—Magnificent Display of Flowers Now in Bloom—"Little Egypt" Coming to the Front in Fish Exhibits—A Viking Ship on Its Way to the Fair—All Hands Making Ready for the Big Opening.

(From Our Special Correspondent).

CHICAGO, March 14th, 1893.

Just at the present time there seems to be gathered together specimens of all the different types of humanity at Jackson park. For a student of anthropology the Fair grounds present a rare opportunity for comparison. There are Arabs, Turks, Tamils, Japanese, Bengalese, Cingalese and Esquimaux already on the ground. But the odd set of them all are the Cingalese. They are entirely different from any other race in color, religion, attire, temperament and language. They seem rather frailer in appearance than the sturdy Turk or Esquimaux. Their features are regular and well marked as a rule; and though they are nearly as black as the full-blooded negroes, they bear but small resemblance to the Ethiopian. There are forty-five of these people preparing to exhibit the Ceylon products.

No other set of foreign workmen receive so much attention from visitors as the Japanese mechanics. They are now at work in the manufacturers' building. All day their space is surrounded by a throng of visitors peering through the protecting enclosure. They are a quiet, patient set of workmen, doing their work rapidly and well. One of the peculiarities of these mechanics is, that none of the American labor-saving machines are used in their work. They seem perfectly contented to work in their own manner with what tools they have. The Japanese village is situated upon the northern extremity of the wooded island and is really one of the prettiest and most picturesque sights on the grounds.

Africa is to be represented during the World's Fair by a private enterprise in a building which will be erected just south of the Battle of Gettysburg panorama and is to be finished May 1. The exterior of the structure is to be of brick and staff, and will be a reproduction of the fortifications of Tangier. Lion hunting and lion taming will be exhibited. There will be also a troop of performing Arabs, and a complete collection of wild beasts. Every person visiting the exposition should see this exhibit.

Lovers of flowers now have the chance to see the sight of a lifetime at Jackson Park greenhouses. There is a most magnificent display of flowers in bloom now ever seen in America. The Persian violets are at their height of blooming glory. They are ranged in pots on tables in the south greenhouse. There are 4050 pots and 32,000 blooms, varying in color from the pure white to the deepest crimson. These violets will continue to bloom for several weeks.

Rhode Island's fish exhibit is commanding great interest from the World's Fair Commissioners. The exhibit includes two models of fishing steamers prepared by Jansen Bros. of Gloucester, Mass. The first model is that of the Seven Brothers, which was the first steamer ever built for fishing purposes, over twenty-three years ago. The second model is that of the latest boat built by the firm, the Geo. W. Humphrey. Both models are built on the scale of one half-inch to the foot, and represent the boats ready for work, everything being ready to lower. Another exhibit is a model showing the work that is done by the nets and traps. These exhibits will be installed in their place in a few days. Angler's case containing over 600 miniature fish will be used to illustrate the use of the nets and traps.

The reproduction of a Viking ship, such as it is claimed Leif Erickson used to cross the Atlantic in the tenth century, is on its way across the ocean as a part of the Scandinavian exhibit, at the World's Fair. It was launched at Sandefiord, Norway. This will be an exhibit that should be of interest to every scholar in the United States. Norway and Sweden will have quite an interesting exhibit; as their buildings are both neat and attractive they will hold a prominent place in the exposition.

Installation is now the watchword at the park. In most all of the buildings the work of placing the exhibits in position is being pushed with the utmost rapidity. Hundreds of carpenters are making deafening sounds with their hammers, and wagons loaded with boxes and bales of all sizes and sorts go clattering over the floors.

The manufacturers' building is one of the busiest scenes about the park. Pavilions are being erected like magic, and exhibits from twenty two foreign nations will soon be in place upon them. Many of the pavilions are pretentious structures in point of size. When they are all done this building will look like a roofed-in city.

NOTES.

The silver for the Montana statue arrived Saturday. It seems it came in two shipments and aggregates 72,000 ounces, invoiced at $65,000. The first bucket-full of silver will be poured into the mold by Chief Skiff of the Mining department of the World's Fair.

Catholic education day will be September 2. The managers of the Catholic educational exhibit have secured Festival Hall for the celebration. The ceremonies will be carried out under the direction of Bishop Spalding.

It required seven carloads of ocean water to transport the ocean fish to the World's Fair. They are being loaded for the trip to Chicago now.

The forestry exhibit from Massachusetts is completed and will be forwarded immediately. The exhibit comprises forty-seven varieties of trees found in this State.

Repeated yawning is recommended by Dr. Naegeli, who regards this as a natural massage for certain organs, and of great value in lung troubles, pain from too much wax in the ears, nasal catarrh, inflammation of the palate, sore throat, and earache.

It is estimated that no fewer than 70,000,000 Europeans wear wooden shoes. Bass wood is ordinarily used for the sabots, but willow is the best material. Poplar, beech, walnut and birch are also used.

He. "I am going to the Old Chums' dinner, tonight, love."

She. "But surely not in dress suit?"

He. "Of course; why not?"

She. "It will look so out of place to come home in it in broad daylight."

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

MARCH 1893.	STANDARD TIME. Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	Moon sets	Highwater Morn	Highwater Eve
18 Sat	6 0	6 11	6 55	1 17	8 08	
19 Sun	6 4	6 12	8 13	2 23	8 56	
20 Mon	6 3	6 13	9 30	3 20	9 45	
21 Tues	6 1	6 14	10 42	4 11	10 37	
22 Wed	5 59	6 15	moon	5 05	11 31	
23 Thurs	5 58	6 16	0 7	.....	12 04	
24 Fri	5 56	6 17	1 19	6 54	1 01	

Full Moon, 21 day, 11h. 3m., morning.
Last Quarter, 19th day, 6h. 13m., evening.
New Moon 11th day, 11h. 33m., evening.
First Quarter, 26th day, 4h. 33m., evening.

New Advertisements.

THE

F. F. TEBBETTS CO.,

Cloaks & Furs,

Butler Exchange,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

An early inspection is requested of our NEW SPRING GARMENTS which are being received daily. The novel effects of JACKETS and EMPIRE CAPES were never so perfect in style and finish as this season. We sell fine garments at most reasonable prices, and being a SPECIAL CLOAK STORE, carrying a very large assortment enables us to give our customers the best of service.

SIGN

—OF THE—

Great White Bear.

CERTIFICATE OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, hereby certify that we have formed a limited partnership, as follows:

1. The name of the firm under which the partnership is to be conducted shall be "C. S. Sisson & Co"

2. The names and respective places of residence of all the general and special partners are as follows: Charles S. Sisson, residing in the city and county of Providence, State of Rhode Island, general partner, Elisha R. Brown, residing in the city of Dover, county of Strafford, State of New Hampshire, special partner.

3. The amount of capital which said Elisha R. Brown has contributed is the sum of twenty thousand dollars.

4. The nature of the business to be transacted is that of buying and selling boots and shoes and business incidental thereto.

5. The time when the partnership is to commence is February 5th, A. D. 1893, and is to terminate January 1st, A. D. 1896, and the place of business is in said Providence.

CHAS S. SISSON,
ELISHA R. BROWN,

State of Rhode Island, Providence, ss. } In the city of Providence in said county, on this 6th day of February, A. D. 1893, then Charles S. Sisson personally appeared before me and acknowledged the foregoing certificate by him signed to be his free and voluntary act.
DEXTER B. POTTER, Notary Public. {L.S.}

State of New Hampshire, Strafford, ss. } In the city of Dover in said county, on this 7th day of February, A. D. 1893, then Elisha R Brown personally appeared before me and acknowledged the foregoing certificate by him signed to be his free and voluntary act.
GEO. FISHER PIPER, Notary Public. {L.S.}

2-11-6w

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2-11

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HORGAN BUILDING.

Beadleston & Worez Fine Lager, per case, 2 doz.	$1.00
" " Tiger Brand Beer, 1 doz.	.90
" " Imperial Beer, 1 doz.	1.25
" " Porter (equal to imported). 1 doz.	1.25
California Brandy (superior article), per case,	6.00
" " " " per bottle,	.75
" Wines, Port and Sherry, per gallon,	1.00
" Claret, per gallon,	.75
Mount Vernon Whiskey (this is celebrated, age 8 years) per gal.,	5.00
Old Stone Mill Whiskey (high grade), per gal.,	3.00
Old Comfort Whiskey (a fair article), per gal.,	2.00
Rums and Gins (good brands), per gal.,	1.75
Bass Ale and Guinesses Porter, per doz.	2.00
" " " " by the barrel, per doz.	1.80
Flour (choice quality, come and get a barrel for)	5.00
Granulated Sugar (20 lbs., the scale tips it hard)	1.00
Tea (good quality, a great bargain) 4 lbs. for	1.00
Raisins (Loose Muscatels) 10c. per lb., 3 lbs. for	.25
Coffee (Java and Mocha, a full blend) 3 1-2 lbs.	1.00
Rice (fine quality) 5 1-2 lbs.	.25
Butter (nice aiticle) 4 lbs.	1.00

A Large Assortment of Cowdrey's Celebrated Soups and French Entrees. Richardson & Robbins' Plum Puddings and Sauces. Shrewsbury Ketchup), the best) Per Bottle, 25c.

I am pleased to state to my numerous patrons that I am the AGENT for Beadleston & Worez, the celebrated New York Brewers, whose product stands unexcelled in this country. Their Ale can be had of me for family use in bottles or in half-barrels, etc.

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To Investors.

Lookout Mountain Consolidated Company

The property of this Company is the most desirable in the entire South. It consists of (1) about 600 Acres of the Choicest Land on the summit of Lookout Mountain, adjoining and overlooking the prosperous and growing city of Chattanooga, Tenn. The land is all suitable for building purposes, many lots have been sold and fine residences built upon them. The lots sold have averaged $1000 per acre. The most desirable lots have not yet been put on the market.

(2) LOOKOUT INN, a magnificent structure, capable of accommodating 600 guests. The finest hotel in the entire South. Cost $250,000.

(3) LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN HOTEL, capable of accommodating 250 guests and very popular with the Southern people.

(4) Control of a well built, broad guage railroad leading from the city to the summit of the mountain.

This property represents an actual cash outlay of over $2,000,000. The men who are backing this enterprise are all New England men of large experience and ample means.

In order to complete the improvements on the inn, build and equip another railroad to the summit, and improve the roads on the mountain, the Company offers for sale a limited amount of preferred stock at par, $10 a share. This stock is guaranteed seven per cent. dividend, payable July and January. The entire issue of preferred stock is $450,000, of which $275,000 will remain in the treasury for five years, leaving $225,000 to pay dividends upon when the whole stock is issued.

For full particulars inquire of JAMES H BARNEY, JR. & CO., Bank of Rhode Island Building, NEWPORT, R. I.

12-17

THE NEW SEED STORE,

JAMES GOHM, Prop.,

Dealer in and Grower of all kinds of (tested)

Reliable Seeds,

Bulbs, Plants,

Also all kinds of

Garden Tools and Requisites,

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2-18-1y

BRADLEY'S FERTILIZER.

I wish to announce to my old customers and the public generally, that I am still agent for the above Standard Fertilizer, and that I am prepared to fill all orders promptly.

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1-21-tjel

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Quality and Flavor UNSURPASSED.

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Having again secured a large stock of HENRY C. ANTHONY'S Garden and Vegetable Seeds

I would respectfully notify the public that this is the only place in Newport where these superior seeds can be obtained. All orders entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention. I would especially call the attention of the public to the superior and tested

ONION SEED AND SWEET CORN,

which are pronounced the best in the market.

A. A. BARKER,

Dealer in Groceries' Grain, Farming Utensils, etc

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3-4-tf

FREE ROUND TRIP

to the World's Fair and 10 days in Chicago. We have absolutely the best cure and tonic for throat and voice troubles, on the market but lack a name for it. We will therefore give the above reward to the party buying a sample bottle who send in the best name by April 10th. Sample 25c. (no stamps). COLLEY & CO., 47 Broadway, N. Y. City. 3-11-1m

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HERBERT J. WELLS, President.
SAMUEL R. DORRANCE, Vice President.
EDWARD S. CLARK, Secretary.

4-30

Poetry.

Love's Service.

-CHARLES F. JOHNSON.

Love called to a young man winningly,
"Come join the ranks of my company,
And take the field in my behalf."

But the young man said, "There are other things
Than kisses and kisses and flowers and rings,
Of far more worth than your service.

"There's business and sport and pleasure and art;
Your war is mere folly, your weapon a dart
I've no time to spare for your service."

Love turned lightly away when he heard the rebuff,
Of young volunteers there were more than enough
To fill up the ranks of his Service.

But time, passing by, made clear to the man
That they are the wisest who join when they can
The worshipful ranks of Love's Service.

So he offered to Love his jewels and coin;
Forgetting his age he thought he would join
The throng who pressed to Love's Service.

But Love answered lightly, "The day has gone by,
A mere Autumn leaf is too old and too dry
For a garland worn in my Service.

"You can buy, if you like, a friendly regard,
And perhaps it may seem, if you try very hard,
As if you were in my Service.

"But the raw recruits for my household guard
I take from the young; the old are debarred
From taking the oaths of my Service.

"The countersign's 'Youth'. Can you give it?"
"Ah no."
"Then right about face. You're too old and too slow
To learn the details of my Service."
—Temple Bar.

Growing Old.

The fairest lilies droop at eventide,
The sweetest roses fall from off the stem;
The rarest things on earth can not abide,
And we are passing, too, away like them;
We're growing old.

We had our dreams, those rosy dreams of youth;
They faded, and 'twas well. This after prime
Hath brought us fuller hopes; and yet, forsooth,
We drop a tear now in this later time
To think we're old.

We smile at those poor fancies of the past—
A saddened smile, almost akin to pain;
Those high desires, those purposes so vast.
Ah, our poor hearts! they can not come again;
We're growing old.

Old? Well, the heavens are old; this earth is, too;
Old wine is best, maturest fruit most sweet;
Much have we lost, more gained, although 'tis true
We tread life's way with most uncertain feet.
We're growing old.

We move alone, and scatter as we pace.
Soft graces, tender hopes on every hand;
At last, with streaked hair and hollow face,
We step across the boundary of the land
Where none are old.

Selected Tale.

REFORMING THE FAMILY FINANCES.

"MONY A MICKLE MAKES A MUCKLE."

Jud, I thought we had decided not to spend any money foolishly this year. This list is positively discouraging!" Mr. Abel stirred restlessly in his creaky rattan rocker turned his paper and became still further absorbed in its contents. His wife threw her account book on the table, with a bang. "Well, if we two can't pull together there's no use trying to save!" Keeping his finger on the line he was quietly reading, Mr. Abel turned and boldly faced his persistent helpmeet.

"Pull together!" he echoed. "You can't charge me with any unnecessary expenses! Where can you find a man of my salary who dresses so plainly, hires so few liveries, spends so little on knicknacks, neither smokes, chews, drinks, nor gambles, does his own shaving even, and seldom uses the street cars, in spite of the two-mile walk to the factory?" He resumed his reading, having, to his mind, disposed of the unjust imputation.

"Let me read a few items." Mrs. Abel opened her book. "Microscope, one dollar.

"Oh, of course, that microscope—I bought it at Cole & Merriman's Chicago. I thought it would be a valuable article to have in the house," with a superior air.

"But how did you happen to feel the need of a microscope?" queried his wife. "You care nothing for botony or zoology."

"Well, you see," slowly, "the vender had shown the horrible animaculæ crawling on a prune, and you are so fond of them and try so hard to make—"

"That is sufficient," laughed his wife. "I must remind you you've seen nothing through the glass yet, and so I am still unconvinced as to the worthlessness of the fruit".

"Two tickets to the engineer's ball—and you knew you wouldn't attend——two dollars." ("Your friend, Mrs. Barr, came to my office," explained Mr. Abel in a foot note.) "National Herald, one year, one dollar; good for nothing but waste paper."

"That's so, Celia, but the agent was an old friend from 'away' back in Bedford, and I couldn't refuse him." Mr. Abel ended with a sigh of reminiscence.

His wife mercilessly continued: "Tag for umbrella marked 'J. H. A.,' fifty cents."

J. H. Abel threw his paper on the floor and stood up. "Where is that?" he demanded resignedly.

"It needs two tiny tacks to make it of use. I believe it is on the clock shelf."

"Money to Hugh Harris, five dollars."

"Pshaw! that imposter! It puts me out of all patience." He walked the floor with deepening frowns, then began a vigorous poking at the fire. "You see," he continued apologetically, "Harris's mother died, then his wife and baby were sick a long time—they live with the old folks—and he got behind with his bills. Then the old grandmother was taken to the asylum, his father lost his place, and, to crown all, Hugh cut his finger, or rather he lost one finger on our plane. So he came up to the factory with his woeful story, and the boys made up a purse of thirty-five dollars. And the worst of it is, Harris and his wife left at once for a visit to relatives in Albany. They were seen later by Jocelyn, in Rochester at a theater, and taking long drives about the city; and say, if I not to tell you, I lost a silver dollar. Put it in your list, because you forgot to mend that hole in my vest pocket."

"It was Mrs. Abel's turn to look surprised. "What hole? You didn't tell me of any rent to mend."

"No, but isn't it a wife's duty to look over her husband's clothes every night and see to repairs?"

"If I need a load of wood do you find it out first or do I not remind you many times in every case?"

Silence for a little, then: "To tramp, fifty cents; meal for another, twenty-five."

"There is only one more item. Seven dollars for twenty-eight copies of the Morning Star. You remember the magazine contained an article supposed to advertise your business. When the essay appeared it fell far short of expectations, and you have the twenty-eight copies, not worth the postage to send to distant friends."

Her husband ignored the comment. "What is the sum total?"

"Seventeen dollars and seventy-five cents."

"You may as well add five dollars for the Business Men's association."

"But I thought that was necessary."

"No, I could do as well without. If that is all," he went on, brightening, "read me *your* list."

Mrs. Abel turned over the list and read: "Cream balm, of an agent, twenty five cents. (Couldn't bear the smell, so threw the bottle away.")

"Solder for tin ware, fifty cents. (Useless."

"Set for marking linen (not needed) fifty cents."

"Sewing machine raffle, two tickets, fifty cents, helping an indolent, worthless woman."

"False bangs (not a match), one dollar and a half."

"The hand glass I gave baby while I received a caller, one dollar."

"Hattie's Century, torn by same during another call, thirty-five cents"

"Powder and perforated tins, one dollar and a half. Now let me add up."

"What does that last item mean?"

"I knew you'd ask that," demurely. "I was so vexed I couldn't tell you. A gentlemanly agent rang the bell one cold, rainy morning. After offering his commodity and being refused, he spoke of his wet feet. So, out of sympathy, I asked him in to the warm fire. He talked beautifully about his mother, and admired our children. Finally he came back to his wares—boxes of powder to put in to kerosene lamps to prevent explosions. He told harrowing tales of the burning of little children whose mothers had neglected to purchase his powder. He furnished also tiny perforated strips to put on wicks to make them last longer. In fact the saving of wicks in a month—he stated the amount—was remarkable. He proposed to furnish strips for our eight lamps and two boxes of the powder for two dollars.

"I told him decidedly I could not afford it. 'Well,' he went on, "I am nearly through with this place, am on my way to catch the eleven o'clock train to Chicago, so you may have the same for one dollar and a half and I am not making one cent.' I can account for it in no other way except that I was tired and not on the defensive, for I handed him that amount which I had reserved for the washerwoman.

"He put powder into my oil can and oil stove, and that is all I ever used. The strips I found a nuisance, utterly useless. Had the money been put into the stove I should have been equally benefited.

"The amount of my extravagances is six dollars and ten cents," continued the accountant; "with your seventeen twenty five it makes twenty three dollars and thirty five cents. Add five dollars for the 'Business association' and we have twenty-eight dollars and thirty-five cents, which would have gone far toward filling our empty bookcase," glancing at the yawning shelves.

"There are several articles of silverware for the table which I have tried in vain to eke out of the kitchen allowance. There is the list of books we consider our library incomplete without, and the portieres I have needed so long. All yesterday I studied how to glean the sum required out of the usual monthly stipend and thus avoid touching our bank deposit. At first I could find no room for retrenchment—no unnecessary outlay in either house or table expenses."

"I should say not. No woman could be more careful of her ward robe, and yet you always look well. And, Celia, we could not have a smaller grocery bill. We might possibly omit some table luxuries, but we are not extravagant, and I prefer to live well."

Mrs. Abel said, thoughtfully: "These items just read show the only leakage. I have kept very careful accounts the last six months, and from them selected these unavoidable expenditures. You will notice I have included nothing spent on worthy charities."

"But, my dear, there is no need of the economy we practiced the first three years of our married life. My present income allows a wider margin. My patent mosquito bar alone will more than cover any unexpected investments."

"Very well, then. If we can squander thirty-eight dollars or more twice a year, on paltry trifles, I want to know it, that I may use the funds intelligently, and where it is calculated to bring the best equivalent for the money.

"People of moderate means often indulge in what might be called extravagances, but my intimacy with such families has convinced me that they are the really economical ones who save on the little needless outgoings. The newest thing in albums, nor the latest stitch in embroidery, does not tempt them, nor do they thoughtlessly purchase any of the thousand and one articles presented to the housewife. Then, when a truly desirable pleasure presents itself, they can purposely indulge and fully enjoy what previous self-denial makes possible without extravagance.

"How many bright days I have longed to take the children to the woods nutting, or for wild flowers, or to ride over to mother's. I have staid at home because I thought I could not afford it, and the money has slipped through my fingers to little or no profit in these ways."

* * * * * * * *

Taking advantage of the lesson taught by the truthful list, Mrs. Abel originated a plan which she at once began to put into practice. She must learn, first of all, to say "no;" in this magic monosyllable lay her only security; and the use of it required the most surveillance on the easily loosened purse strings. Remembering to make quick decisions as to the necessity, or otherwise, of the contemplated purchase, she still further held herself in check by opening a personal bank account. Long experience with the private household "bank" had convinced the Abels that it was too frail to withstand the frequent onslaughts made upon it, hence the patronage of the town savings bank

Every time Mrs. Abel avoided a useless article she determined to lay away the amount of the declined article, or less, if the price was too large for her allowance. On the contrary, if she permitted herself to make "ducks and drakes" of her money she drew the cost of the indulgence from the bank accumulation, which was solely and unreservedly devoted to the purchase of the needed silverware and the patronage of the livery stable in sunny weather.

The success of his wife's reformation in finances induced Mr. Abel to dedicate his unspent dollars to a list of valuable books, although he still has great difficulty in refusing favors to the opposite sex.—Mona Fargher Purdy in Good Housekeeping.

CLEVELAND'S

One rounded teaspoonful of Cleveland's Baking Powder does more and better work than a heaping teaspoonful of any other.

A large saving on a year's bakings.

BAKING POWDER

A pure cream of tartar powder.

Used in the U. S. Army and by teachers of Cookery.

Cleveland's is the standard, it never varies, it does the most work, the best work and is perfectly wholesome, as it contains no ammonia, no alum, no adulteration.

Young Ladies

Who ride BICYCLES, Play TENNIS, or Attend GYMNASIUM, Should WEAR

FERRIS' Good Sense Corset Waists.

All Shapes. Full or Slim Bust, Long or Short Waist. White, Drab, or Black.

For sale by all Leading Retailers.

Send for illustrated circular to

FERRIS BROS. Manufacturers and Patentees, 341 Broadway, New York.

Money For the Idea.

A mind-reader and a Hebrew merchant were riding together on the same train.

"I can read your mind," says the former.

"I'll bet you two dollars you cannot," says the latter.

"Think of your occupation," said the mind-reader. The other thought. "You are a merchant," said his companion.

"Ge-racious heaven! you have struck it," said the Hebrew.

"Think of where you have been," said the mind-reader, and in a moment he said, "You have been in New York."

A smile burst upon the Hebrew's face.

"Can you do that efry time?" he asked.

"I think so," said the mind-reader "Now, if you will think of what you were doing—yes, you were buying a stock of goods."

"Ha! ha!" said the merchant; "you vos a great man.'

"Now think again," said the mind reader, "and I will tell you of what you are thinking." A minute's pause. "You are thinking how you can beat the New York firm out of the goods and the money."

Instantly the Hebrew ran his hand into his pocket and produced a two dollar bill and handed it to the mind-reader. The latter looked triumphant.

"Oh, no," said the Hebrew, "you haf not guessed right this time, but I gif you two dollars for the idea."—[Washington Post.

Heart Failure.

Mr. Blaine died of heart failure; Ex-President Hayes died of heart failure; Justice Lamont died of heart failure; Senator Kenna died of heart failure. Great men everywhere die of heart failure. I asked Dr. W. W. Johnston, who attended Mr. Blaine, "How do men die of heart failure?"

"They do not," said Dr. Johnston, "only as they might also be said to die for want of breath. It is an expression employed solely by unintelligent or careless men in ascribing a cause of death. Suppose you had pneumonia and strangled to death. To be sure you would die for want of breath, but pneumonia would be the cause of your death. Or if you received a fatal blow on the head, a state of coma would ensue, during which the action of the heart would become weaker and weaker, finally ceasing altogether; still you would not then have died of heart failure, but of injury inflicted on the brain. Again, you have a distinct of the heart-fatty degeneration, say. As the accumulation of fat increases, the heart fails more and more in the performance of its function, and in the end fails utterly: now, you have not in this case died of the heart failure, but of a well recognized disease of the heart. In all these cases it is not the failure of the heart which is the cause of death, but a disease of some particular vital organ. But suppose you have a disease of the kidneys, which are not vital organs. In such a case there will always exist some associated disease of a vital organ, which is the immediate cause of death. It may be of the lungs. It is more often of the heart, as was in Mr. Blaine's case. At a certain stage of the disease the heart failed. It grew weaker and weaker until its action was at times momentarily suspended, and eventually it was suspended beyond possibility of revival. Thus the intelligence conveyed all over the world that Mr. Blaine died of heart failure. But this was not the cause I defined in making out the certificate of death."—[Ex.

Sam Could be Called Upon.

There's a good story told—I don't know how true it is, but it has many symptoms of being well founded—in regard to Judge Hoar's appointment as attorney-general. It is said that when General Grant offered him the place the judge hesitated about accepting it. At the dinner table, one day, while the decision of the question was pending, he expressed his doubts as to his ability to do the work. His sons, Samuel and Sherman, were listeners. The former was comparatively new in the profession, but he had made a deep impression on the mind of Sherman, his more youthful brother, who took part in the discussion by saying: "I'd take it, father. If you find anything you can't do, Sam will help you out!" Whether this assurance of "Sam's" help in critical legal matters made the judge decide to accept the place, I don't know. He took it however.—[Boston Globe.

Larkin (to his wife): "Did you hear of the Rev. Dr. Thirdly's fall?" Mrs. Larkin: "Dear me, no! What has he done?" Larkin: "He has fallen heir to $50,000 by the death of an uncle."

This word of progress, unknown to antiquity, is destined henceforth to be a sacred word to humanity. In it is included an entire social, political and religious transformation.

B. & O.'S NEW THROUGH LINE.

Preparing for the Immense Traffic Incident to the World's Fair.

The management of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is preparing for an immense business in 1893 while the World's Fair is open in Chicago. The terminals at Chicago are capable of accommodating a much heavier traffic than is now being done, and important changes are being arranged for the handling of very heavy freight and passenger business to the West from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. New equipment for largley increased passenger business and an extensive stock of freight cars have been ordered. The various roads of the system will be improved by straightened lines, reduced grades, extra side tracks, and interlocking switches. The new line between Chicago Junction and Akron has shortened the distance between Chicago and tide water twenty-five miles, and between Pittsburgh and Chicago fifty-eight miles.

The distance between Chicago and Pittsburgh and Chicago and Cleveland, by the construction of the Akron line and the acquisition of the Pittsburgh and Western line and the Valley Railroad of Ohio, is about the same as via the Lake Shore from Cleveland to Chicago, and by the Pennsylvania from Pittsburgh to Chicago. The alignment is to be changed and grades reduced to a maximum of twenty-six feet. It is expected that within twelve months the old Baltimore & Ohio through line between Chicago and the Atlantic Ocean will have passed away and the line via Pittsburgh be established, with no greater grades or curvature than on any of the trunk lines.

Work has already begun east of Pittsburgh to meet improvements making west of Pittsburgh These improvements will consist of additional second and third tracks, a general correction of the alignment, and completion of the double track on the Metropolitan Branch. It is expected that the new through line will be ready simultaneously with the completion of the Belt Line through the City of Baltimore, which is intented to unite the Washington Branch with the Philadelphia Division and do away the present line via Locust Point. Forty new and powerful locomotive engines were added to the equipment during the last two months, and others are in process of construction. The permanent improvements now under way and in contemplation involve the expenditure of some five millions of dollars.—[Baltimore American.

The Law Against Profanity.

An act of parliament that was passed in the reign of George II for the suppression of profanity is still occasionally brought into force. Under it the Wisbech magistrates have just convicted a man named Abraham Pye of Walpole, who was charged with publicly using four profane oaths, for which he had rendered himself liable to a penalty of 4 shillings, being 1 shilling for each oath. The defendant admitted his guilt, and at the request of the chairman the clerk explained the provisions of the act, which imposes a penalty of 1 shilling per oath when uttered by a laborer, 2 shillings when the offender is above a laborer and under the degree of a gentleman, and 5 shillings when spoken by any one above the degree of a gentleman.

It was also explained that the consequences are the same wether the oaths are uttered by a person on his own premises or in the public street. The bench fined the defendant 4 shillings and 13 shillings costs, and intimated that they intend to suppress the use of bad language in the public streets as far as they possibly could. Lloyd's Weekly.

From the Romans.

"Put your right foot foremost" is a piece of advice that has been offered to most folk, young or old, in the course of their lives. It is generally equivalent to saying, "Now's your chance; do your very best and show what you are capable of." Like a great many common phrases this expression has an old origin. In the days of ancient Rome, when people were usually the slaves of some superstition or other, it was thought to be unlucky to cross the threshold of a house with the left foot first. Consequently a boy was placed at the door of the mansion to remind visitors that they were to put their right foot foremost. The use of the phrase in the wider sense soon became obvious.—Lewistown Journal.

One Delightful Feature.

Aristophanes Spillink—Did you see my play last night?

Critticus Sourboy—Yes, I saw it.

Spillink—How did you like it?

Sourboy—Well, there was one part I enjoyed very much.

Spillink—I'm so glad; what particular part was it?

Sourboy—When the last curtain came down.

Too Thirsty to Talk.

"I notice that your husband has never much to say in the morning when he has been out late at night," said the wife's mother.

"No," was the reply of the wife, "he's mum then, extra dry."—[New York Press.

A significant fact that tells largely in favor of the consolidation of the New Havan-Old Colony Railroad properties is that the various trust companies, holding large and small amount of stock in trust for heirs and legatees and estates, look upon its operation as something very desirable and satisfactory, and as strengthening rather than otherwise the securities affected. This is a good sign, and is having its full weight.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cts. at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York

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MERCURY BUILDING.

J. B. Barnaby & Co.

Have purchased of

MR. WM. H. ASHLEY

his interest in the

CLOTHING BUSINESS,

—AT—

20 South Main Street, Fall River,

And will close out the stock at 50 cents on a dollar. 7-23

Household Fancy Work.

HEAD REST TIDY.

The pattern of this pretty tidy was sent to the Tribune by a lady in Tulare, Cal., who writes that she saw it "as a cover to a red satin head-rest cushion, and it looked beautiful, like large red roses."

The border sets out from the cushion and ribbon is inserted through the first row of the border, tying in a bow at the top of the cushion, and leaving a long end loose to fasten as one prefers on the chair.

Take one skein each of two shades of red Germantown yarn or zephyr wool and a medium-sized bone hook.

Make a chain of 40 stitches with the light shade of red and join into a ring.

1st round—With the same color as the chain work 75 double trebles under the ring; join with a single crochet to first treble.

2d round—With the same color as the first round, 3 chain for first double treble, 2 double trebles in next treble, taking up the back horizontal loop, 1 double treble in next treble; repeat all round, increasing to keep the work flat, but not full.

3d round—With the dark shade of wool proceed as in second round, taking up the back horizontal loop of each stitch, not forgetting to increase.

4th round—Like third round. This completes one large ring; break off and begin another ring thus: make a chain of 40 stitches, but before joining the chain slip it through the large ring just made and go on with this ring, repeating the pattern from the first round, and make as many rings as are required for the end of the cushion.

After a sufficient number of rings are made, lay them flat on the table and pin them together at the edges, so that the first row of the border will connect them, or, rather, that the border can be crocheted evenly along the edges of the rings, remembering each successive ring is joined or interlocked into each previous one just before closing the 40 chain, or centre of ring.

The border: 1st round—With the light shade of red—1 double treble in first treble; (*) 1 chain, one double treble on next treble; repeat from (*) all round, taking up both loops of each stitch, instead of the single loop as when making the rings.

2nd round—With the dark shade of the red: 4 double trebles under one chain between 2 trebles; (a) miss the next 1 chain, 4 double trebles under next one chain, repeat from (a) all round.

3d round—With the light shade of red: (b) 4 double trebles between the second and third of the group of 4 trebles of previous round, 1 chain, repeat from (b) all round.

4 h round—With the dark shade of red: 1 double treble on first group of four trebles; ( ) chain, 1 double treble on next treble; repeat from (c) twice, 2 chain; 4 double trebles between second and third of next group of 4 trebles; 2 chain, 1 treble on first treble of next group of 4 trebles; 3 chain, 1 double treble on next treble: repeat from first (c) twice, just before the three chain; repeat all round, not forgetting to alternate the groups of four trebles with the four single trebles and 3 chain between each treble.

Insert the ribbon in the first row of border, as in the above directions. Make a cushion of red satin just the size of the rings, so that the border will stand out from it.—New York Tribune.

Recipes for the Table.

FLOATING ISLAND.—One quart milk, four eggs, whites and yolks beaten separately, four tablespoonfuls of sugar, two tablespoonfuls extract of vanilla, one-half cup of currant jelly; heat milk to scalding, but not boiling; beat the yolks, stir into them the sugar, and pour upon them gradually, mixing well, a cup of the hot milk; return to saucepan and boil until it begins to thicken; when cool, flavor and pour into a glass dish; heap upon the top meringue of whites whipped until you can cut it, into which you have beaten the jelly a teaspoonful at a time.

BROILED FRESH MACKEREL.—Clean, split down the back, sprinkle with salt and lemon juice. Broil on a well-greased griddle until the inside flesh is white and the outside nicely browned. Open the broiler, leaving the skin side uppermost. Put a platter over the fish, invert, and remove the gridiron. Season with butter, salt and Worcestershire sauce or lemon juice.

OYSTER SAUCE.—Cut off the beards and boil them with the liquor with a bit of mace and lemon peel. In the meantime throw the oysters in cold water and then drain them, strain the spice from the liquor, put it into a saucepan with the oysters, with two ounces of butter rolled in flour, and a gill of rich milk or cream. Let it boil once, squeeze in a little lemon juice, and serve it hot.

LADY CAKE. Beat one-quarter pound of butter to a cream and add gradually 1½ cups of granulated sugar. Mix and add slowly, beating all the while, one cup of luke warm water, then measure 2½ cups of sifted flour. Add one half of this to the butter, beat vigorously. Beat the whites of four eggs to a stiff froth, add half of this to a batter. Mix, stir in the remaining half of the flour, beat again. Add the juice and the grated yellow rind of one lemon, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and the remaining half of the whites of the eggs; bake in a moderately quick oven for three quarters of an hour.

CHOCOLATE PUDDING.—One pint of dry cake crumbs browned in the oven; roll after they are dry; one pint of milk or half milk and half water, one egg well beaten, small cup half-filled with grated chocolate, stirred into the mixture, one spoon of sugar if you use all cake crumbs, if part bread crumbs two spoons of sugar; add a dust of salt, and bake half an hour.

BANANA SAUCE.—Peel and slice with a silver knife four large red bananas, put in a deep dish and mash with a wooden masher; add gradually one cup of powdered sugar, beating all the time; when smooth add one tablespoon of thick cream, beat and add another spoonful, beat again and add a third spoonful; if too thin for hard sauce add more sugar, stir well, put in a cold place, and serve with banana pudding.

He tells what he saw. Mr. Chas. J. Winstrand, Brisbin, Clearfield Co., Pa., writes: "My father caught a very severe cold in the mines, and he purchased a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and after using it he had no more cold.

The Penobscot River is now clear of ice from Bucksport to the sea.

After the grip; when you are weak and "played out," Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore your health and strength.

Gen. Geo. B. McClellan's daughter has become a Roman Catholic.

The Word "Sozodont,"

Which has already become a household word, is derived from the Greek, and composed of two words, Sozo and Odontes. "Sozo" translated means to preserve, and "Odontes" the teeth—"SOZODONT" a preserver of the teeth. And it is true to its name. It beautifies and preserves the teeth, hardens and invigorates the gums, and corrects all impurities of the breath. The odor of this pure preparation is so delightful that it is a luxury to apply it. It is as harmless as water. Sold by druggists and perfumers.

Ayer's Pills

Are compounded with the view to general usefulness and adaptability. They are composed of the purest vegetable aperients. Their delicate sugar coating, which readily dissolves in the stomach, preserves their full medicinal value and makes them easy to take, either by old or young. For constipation, dyspepsia, billiousness, sick-headache, and the common derangements of the *Stomach, Liver,* and *Bowels;* also, to check colds and fevers, Ayer's Pills

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Unlike other cathartics, the effect of Ayer's Pills is to *strengthen* the excretory organs and restore to them their regular and natural action. Doctors everywhere prescribe them. In spite of immense competition, they have always maintained their popularity as a *family medicine,* being in greater demand now than ever before. They are put up both in vials and boxes, and whether for home use or travel, Ayer's Pills are preferable to any other. Have you ever tried them?

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2-25

Removal.

JAMES H. BARNEY, Jr. & Co.,

will open their new store,

154 Thames Street,

Opposite the Boston Store, today, with the largest stock of PIANOS ever shown in Newport, of the following celebrated makers:

Steinway, Weber, Gabler, Hardmann, Hoaing & Weser Bros.,

which they will sell for Cash or on Instalments. The public are cordially invited to call. Open Saturday evenings.

Newport, March 1st, 1893.

CHASE'S RENOVATING COMPOUND FOR DISEASES OF POULTRY.

At the solicitation of many people who have used this remedy for their poultry the discoverer has put it in the market

JOHN H. CHASE, Proprietor,

General Agency at Taylor's Pharmacy, Broadway. 8-23

Old Solace

Whiskey,

Sold in bulk, also in white flint glass bottles holding full quarts.

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HOLLAND GIN,

Sold in bulk, also in imported white glass bottles holding 1 qt. and ½ pt. (Imperial measure

For sale by

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John B. DeBlois & Son,

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MEATS

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A NEW LINE OF

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—AT—

M. Cottrell's.

NEW STYLES IN

Chamber Furniture.

NEW LINE OF

PAPER HANGINGS

Furniture of all Descriptions, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings.

M. COTTRELL,

COTTRELL BLOCK,

11-18 Next to the Post Office.

CLOSING OUT

SPRING STOCK

at a discount.

Great bargains in

Baby Carriages

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Bryer's

Furniture Rooms,

156 THAMES STREET.

AT

J. W. HORTON & CO.'S,

You can get anything you want in

FURNITURE

FOR A

Christmas Present.

Call and examine our stock,

42 CHURCH ST.

New Carpets

—AND—

Wall Papers.

We are daily receiving new carpets and wall papers and are prepared to show a fine line of

New Patterns.

Prices as low as Anywhere.

W. C. Cozzens & Co.,

138 Thames St.

Souvenir Spoons of Newport.

OLD STONE MILL,

LIME ROCKS,

Home of Ida Lewis.

FORT DUMPLINGS,

Jamestown.

CASINO,

Narragansett Pier.

OUR OWN SPECIAL PATTERNS.

They are works of Art and of Historic interest.

H. A. Heath & Co.,

JEWELERS,

169 THAMES STREET.

THE

Narragansett Concrete Co.

—OF—

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I.

On and after THURSDAY, June 2d, will locate in Newport and be prepared to do all kinds of

Concreting, Asphalting, Paving, Curbing.

Lawns, Gardens, Walks and Driveways attended to.

J. BRISTOW, P. O. Box 125, Narragansett Pier, R.I.

3-27

REMOVAL.

I desire to inform my patrons and friends that on and after OCTOBER 1, 1892, my place of business will be No. 13 Market Square. Any one who has umbrellas or parasols will please call for them here.

I shall have larger premises and will buy and sell second-hand furniture and antiquities.

ROCCO BARONE, Ferry Wharf.

TAKE WARNING!

Neglect Not These Signals of Danger.

A Useful Lesson on Health Taught by The Indians' Example.

Let the Remedy be Simple and Safe—Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

If you are ailing, not exactly sick but not feeling "just right," have a drowsy, dull feeling, bad taste in the mouth, variable appetite, occasional pains in the joints and muscles, and other signs of impending sickness, why not do as the Indian does—drive such symptoms out of the system by the judicious use of their reliable vegetable remedy, Kickapoo Indian Sagwa?

"Thundering Horse," a Kickapoo chief, age 92 years. From his photograph.

Don't neglect such warnings.

That pain in your shoulder may develop into rheumatism, and a month's sickness deprive you of the income of your toil.

That white, furry tongue denotes your liver is out of order, and disease would easily take root in your system.

What could you do then?

Think of your business, your income and your family.

Seek safety as you would fly from cholera or small pox.

You are in danger if you neglect these warnings. They *may* pass off, but the chances are against you, and even then the poison is only latent in your system.

Do not, however, put your trust in the numerous mineral medicines with which the market is flooded. The action of many of these decoctions comes from mineral poisons they contain, such as mercury, arsenic, strychnine, bismuth, iodide of potassium, and the like and any druggist will tell you if he tells on truly, that this is so.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa and other Kickapoo Indian medicines contain only the product of the field and forest, nature's own vegetable growth of roots, barks and herbs, and of necessity are free from all mineral poisons whatever, because the Indians have no knowledge of them, depending wholly upon nature's laboratory for their resources, and upon their skill, born of centuries of experience, in preparing them.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, *made by the Indians from roots, barks and herbs of their own gathering and curing, is obtainable of druggists and medicine dealers only. One dollar per bottle; six bottles for five dollars.*

FREE Send three two-cent stamps to pay postage and we will mail you free a thrilling and interesting book of 173 pages, entitled "Life and Scenes Among the Kickapoo Indians." Tells all about the Indians. Address HEALY & BIGELOW, Distributing Agents, 521 Grand Ave New Haven, Conn.

Koal-spar TRADE MARK

FACTS!

9th. Koal-spar keeps boiler flues clean.

10th. Koal-spar saves of your **25% Coal Bill**

One package of Koal-spar costing 25 cents, saves one quarter ton of coal, hard or soft.

Descriptive Circulars Free to Consumers.

IF your grocer does not keep it, send us his name and address on a postal card, and we will see that it is placed within your reach.

THE KOAL-SPAR CO.,

51 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

JAMES A. RANDALL,

General Agent, 123 Spring St. Newport, R. I.

Clothing.

NEW Spring Woolens.

HENRY D. SPOONER,

200 THAMES STREET.

Fall and Winter

CLOTHING!

In addition to my stock of the above goods from Boston, I have the largest stock of

Rogers, Peet & Co.'s Winter Suits,

OVERCOATS

—AND—

ULSTERS,

that I have ever shown.

JAMES P. TAYLOR'S,

199 THAMES STREET.

S.S. Department.

Sunday School Lesson—Mar. 19.

Prov. 23:15 25.

TIMELY ADMONITIONS.

Lesson Introduction.

The Scripture lesson for this week is taken from Proverbs. The same book is to furnish Scripture for five lessons next quarter. The first verse of the book gives the title, "The proverbs of Solomon the son of David, king of Israel." It has been conjectured that its older name was the Book of Wisdom. How far shall we consider Solomon the author of all the sayings of this book? The collection is, no doubt, based on Solomon's writings; but they may have been revised, modernized by Ezra the scribe or some other inspired penman. As we write Webster's International Dictionary lies before us. How far is it clearly the work of Noah Webster? He was the pioneer and was a great leader in lexicography. The only parts unchanged is the author's preface to the edition of 1828. Results of improved scholarship we find in the volume, thousands of new words added, new departments prepared; so that Webster's Dictionary of 1890 has very little resemblance to that of 1828. Are there any that claim that the dictionary at our side is solely the work of Webster? Scholars know that it is far better than a dictionary of the English language could be made in 1828 and preceding that time. Furthermore, in our Shakespeare and Milton, we do not claim that we have the original spelling. It has been modernized.

A similar work was done, doubtless, on this book. Its spelling and phraseology underwent modification. The proverbs were improved and new ones were added. Two new chapters were appended, the 30th and 31st. Still the name adhered.

We know that this will be offensive to those believing in verbal inspiration. But if one believes that the writers of our Bible acted simply as amanuenses, he belittles inspiration. The fact that Paul was inspired did not change his style of thought or use of language. Let us exalt inspiration. It is of God and comes through man.

The sayings of this book are mainly ethical, and from the present verses we can gather some practical helps to a temperance life.

Explanatory Notes.

15 My son, if thine heart be wise,
My heart shall be glad, even mine:
16 Yea, my reins shall rejoice,
When thy lips speak right things.
17 Let not thine heart envy sinners.
But be thou in the fear of the Lord all the day long:
18 For surely there is a reward;
And thy hope shall not be cut off.

Though the Bible writers portray the delights of the cup in the language a profligate might use, their descriptions are not to make wine attractive, but to show that in spite of its allurements there is peril in it. The Scriptures teach the whole truth. It is pleasant to drink wine, they say, but danger lurks therein. Its end is like the bite of a serpent; like a basilisk it stings. My son: The wise man addresses his disciple as a son. Heart be wise: Become wise. Wisdom is not inborn in any one. My reins: (kidneys). Being among the most "inward parts" of the body, they are considered as the seat of the deepest and strongest emotions. Lips speak right things: As the fruit of a right heart and wise mind. "The teacher rejoices when the disciple receives wisdom, yet more when his lips can utter it." Envy sinners: The feeling which looks half longingly at the prosperity of evil doers. Let not the prosperity of the wicked unduly trouble good men. They are not truly happy. In the fear of the Lord: Not cowardice or repulsion, but the reverence that magnifies the greatness and goodness of the Lord, a fear of disobeying him. A reward: A future which will right all wrongs of the present. Not cut off: An implied confidence in immortality.

19 Hear thou, my son, and be wise,
And guide thine heart in the way.
20 Be not among winebibbers;
Among glattonous eaters of flesh.
21 For the drunkard and the glutton shall come to poverty:
And drowsiness shall clothe a man with rags.

Hear . . . be wise: Listen to advice and look at the results of the two courses of life. Winebibbers: They waste their bodies and souls for the sake of temporary pleasures; "which have death at the bottom of the cup." Gluttonous eaters of flesh: "Gluttons at feasts, eating merely for pleasure, and who, by bad company and gluttonous eating, are selling their birthright of health, of character, and immortality for a mess of pottage." For: Avoid such company, because the results of their conduct are plain. Drowsiness: "The lethargy, long sleeping, which necessarily follows a life of riot and revelry." "The disinclination and unfitness for work resulting from night revelry."

22 Hearken unto thy father that begat thee,
And despise not thy mother when she is old.
23 Buy the truth, and sell it not;
Yea, wisdom, and instruction, and understanding.

Hearken unto thy father: He has seen more of life and is anxious for your good. Disobedience is a long step into sin. Buy the truth: "Truth is free to all, but, like all the best of God's gifts, demands sacrifice and labor in order to obtain it. These are its price." Sell it not: Not for pleasure, for idleness, for appetite, for riches, for worldly success. Truth implies sincerity of the soul, a true and broad view of life, true relations with God and man. Wisdom: That which sees the essence of things and their true relations. Instruction: "Moral culture and discipline." Understanding: The faculty of discerning, proving, distinguishing. The cure for intemperance is to have right principles and an earnest seeking for higher and better things. "We need a pledge-signing revival." Who will take the following pledge? "We hereby pledge ourselves to abstain from all intoxicating liquors as a beverage."

It would be better to add, "and from the use of tobacco and from all profanity."

A Queer Telegram.

A firm on Maiden lane received the following telegram one morning: "A mosquito ill. Mrs. A. B.——." They were unable to divine why the sender of the message should have taken them into her confidence respecting this occurrence. Personally they would have been glad to know that all the mosquitoes were ill beyond hope of recovery. One of their clerks did not appear that morning, however, and his absence enabled them to put this construction on the telegram: "Amos quite ill." The clerk's name was Amos. He was ill. The operator was either stupid or funny.—[New York Sun.

The Cause of the Rebellion.

"Is this angel cake?" asked Grumbles of his wife the other night at supper.

"Yes, dear."

"Huh! Well. Now I know how it was that Satan revolted."—[Philadelphia Record.

CHAFF.

SURE ENOUGH!

Papa—"Wonder how it is night shirts last longer than dress shirts?" Mamma—"Because you don't wear them out."—[Clothiers and Haberdashers' Weekly.

A RESPONSIBILITY SHIFTED.

Teacher—"I am sorry to disturb the pride that a parent naturally feels in his children, Mr. Hunker, but your son Johnny is idle, disrespectful, quarrelsome, and is dull, besides, in his studies. He will have to be put into a lower grade next term. You will pardon me for speaking so plainly. It is my duty."

Mr Hunker—"I don't blame you at all, Miss Negley. The boy is worthless, but it's not my fault. He inherits it from my mother's side of the house."

A NEW VERSION.

The Flower that jumped on the hill, tra la!
Has not now a sweet perfume;
And the bosses will sharpen their knives, tra la,
And next fall will work for their lives, tra la.
To cut him down in his full bloom—
And that's what they mean when they sing or they say:
Oh, d —! these big Flowers that stand in our way."

Tra-la-la-la-la-la (ad lib.)—Brooklyn Eagle.

GOOD FOR THE HORSE.

Military Instructor—Why must a cavalry soldier take good care of his horse?

Recruit—Because its good for the horse and doesn't cost the state anything.—[Fliegende Blätter.

VALUABLE INJUNCTIONS.

"Know thyself!" is an injunction everyone should follow. Another one, no less important is: "Don't give thyself away."—[Somerville Journal.

NOT BUSINESS.

Isaac—"I sells you dot coat for nine shillings." Customer—"I thought you did not do business on a Saturday. Isn't this your Sunday?" Isaac (in a hushed voice)—"Mein frient, to sell this coat for nine shillings vas not peesiness; dot vas charity."—[Tit-Bits.

A SURE TEST.

Jones—"Yes, sir, it is mighty hard to collect money just now; I know it."

Smith—"Indeed, have you tried to collect and failed?"

Jones—"Oh, no."

Smith—"How then do you know that money is hard to collect?"

Jones—"Because several people have tried to collect of me."—[Tit-Bits.

A MINOR DETAIL.

Trotter—I hear that Grace Willoughby is engaged to a real live lord. Barlow—Well, they claim he's alive, but I've seen him several times and I'm rather skeptical.—[Vogue.

FATHER AND SON.

Little Bobby—I can't find my hat and coat.

Father (rushing)—I can't find mine either. I don't see what your mother does with things. She's gone out, and there's nothing for us to do but hunt till we find 'em, or else stay in.

Little Bobby (after long thought)—Let's look on the hall rack.—[Good News.

EQUAL TO HER TEST OF TRUE LOVE.

"Yes,' she said, "I shall marry Harold, for I know he loves me."

"How?"

"He watched me sharpen a pencil and didn't laugh."—[Washington Star.

A GOOD REASON.

"Don't you think it is wrong to marry again so soon after the death of your first husband?" said one Pittsburg woman to another who was contemplating matrimony.

"Oh, no," was the reply. "I'm sure my dear, dead husband would rather I married. He never thought I looked well in black."—[Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

ECONOMY.

She—"As we are to be married in June, don't you think you ought to begin to economize?"

He—"Oh, I've begun already. That very thought occurred to me this evening as I was coming here."

She—"What did you do?"

He—"Passed the candy store without stopping."—[New York Weekly.

CLEAR AS A BELL.

Eminent German singing professor (to fair Saxon beginner, lessons at $10 per hour)—"Erstens melto pianissimo con amore, zat is, mit gefuhl; dann crescendo, dann forte till fortissimo hin aufsteigend! all at once diminuendo, a loud stand-still, und beinahe nodding finish. You understand?"—[Harper's Bazar.

IN CLOVER.

"Yes, sir, since he married the heiress he leads the life of a dog."

"That should be a warning to——"

"Has nothing to do but eat, sleep and be petted."—[New York Press.

WILL DO THE BEST.

He—Do you believe that love can exist without jealousy?

She—Not in any affair in which I take part.—[Life.

ONE RAY OF COMFORT.

"Hello, Rivers! You seem to have a bad cold."

"Worst I ever had, Banks."

"I'm sorry for you, old fellow. Wish I knew of something that would cure you, but I don't."

(With tears in his eyes), "Give me your hand, Banks! You're the only man I've seen for three days that hadn't a sure cure!"—[Chicago Tribune.

A Frog Swallows a Mouse.

Cuba Myers has been considerably vexed by a mouse which daily enjoyed a free lunch in the pretzel basket. Traps were set, but the mouse was too sharp and defied all attempts to capture it. This morning Mr. Myers heard the mouse in the basket and determined to try a new plan to get rid of it. He picked up the basket very carefully and carried it over to a box in which were several big frogs. Holding the basket over the box he shook it vigorously, expecting to have the mouse drop into the box, when he would kill it. The programme was carried out so far as shaking the mouse into the box, but when that was accomplished a new actor entered upon the stage in the shape of one of the frogs, which at once went for the mouse. It was a stern chase, but did not last long, the frog catching the mouse and swallowing it head first. In one second the tip of the mouse's tail protruded from the mouth of the frog, which blinked with the contentment born of a full stomach.—[Lancaster Penn. Examiner.

A Wideawake Relative.

Niece—It's a pity, uncle, you visited us today when we've only got pork for dinner. Now, if you were here tomorrow, I could give you a fine dish of hare or venison.

Uncle—All right, my dear, I'll prolong my visit until the day after to-morrow.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Bits of Information.

There are 906 shoe manufactures in Massachusetts.

Great Britain is credited with possessing 6,944,783 cattle, 2,127,829 swine and 28,734,704 sheep.

The largest barometer yet made has been put in working order at the St. Jacques tower in Paris. It is 41 feet five inches high.

One of the attractions of the forthcoming Chicago Exhibition is to be a pyramid of 300 pianos connected by by electricity and manipulated by one woman.

The French propose to span the English Channel with a bridge 31 miles long, at a cost of $165,000,000. About 2,000,000 tons of metal would be require.

It is estimated that 20,000,000 person, an actual majority of the whole people, depend upon agriculture for a livelihood in England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland.

In 1891 the United States exported to Brazil 5,570,021 yards of cotton goods. In 1892 our export of these goods to the same country reached 15,588,020 yards.

The first Sunday school was opened by Robert Raikes, in Gloucester, England, in 1781. The first Sunday-school in America was held in Hanover County, Va., in 1786.

The sales of agricultural implements in Dallas, Tex., during the past season amounted to more than $10,000. The exports from the United States amounted to $4,068,280.

The exports of frozen mutton from New Zealand in 1892 amounted to 18,570,522 carcasses, yet the stock of sheep and lambs showed an increase of some 10,000,000 head.

The wages paid in the manufacture of silk in the United States in 1880 aggregated $9,146,706. In 1890 the amount had risen to $19,690,318, an increase of 115.16 per cent.

The $3,000,000 which the hat manufacturers of the country have got to hand over to the inventor of the sweat band used on hats affords a striking illustration of the value of genius when it makes a hit.

A monster canal boat, 210 feet in length and 23 1-2 feet wide has been completed on the Delaware River, to run between Philadelphia and Baltimore, via the Chesapeake & Delaware canal. It will be driven by a compound engine.

At the first presidential election, the States were entitled to 73 votes, but only 69 votes were cast. New York did not vote because she had not passed her electoral law, and Rhode Island did not, because she had not yet adopted the Constitution.

The Varnish Tree.

Some years ago, Professor Rein planted in the Frankfort Botanical Garden, some of the trees from which it is stated the Japanese obtain the lacquer or varnish. The tree is known to botanists as the Rhus vernix, and it appears there are now thirty-four healthy trees, some thirty feet high. Professor Rein has taken sap from a few of the trees, and sent it to Japan for trial by native artists. It is, however, almost useless for Europeans to attempt to compete with the Japanese in their line, but the lacquer, if it can be made from trees grown in Europe, may be used for other purposes than varnishing wood. The Rhus coriaria, or varnish tree, grows in many parts of what may be termed the Mediterranean district, and its juice is known for its deleterious, or injurious properties, and has consequently been let alone. The Japan, however, seem to understand it, and it is certain they make a beautiful lacquer or varnish from the juice of their trees; but they keep the processes secret.—Leisure Hour.

England exported during 10 months last year 9481 horses, worth $2,524,056, against 9407 in 1891, worth $2,196,170. Among these were 816 stallions worth $633,690, or over $732 each, while in 1891 there were 978 stallions, worth $509,815, or only $522 each. This indicates a better grade of horses. But they imported in 10 months 10,931 horses, of which 902 geldings were from the United States and 1480 from Canada. In 1890 they imported 19,236 of about equal value per head, but only 169 geldings were from the United States and 99 from Canada.

At a large dinner party given in London last Summer the peaches placed on the table bore the monogram of their owner traced distinctly in the velvety bloom. In order to produce this unique effect it appears letters were cut from paper and pasted on the peaches while growing. When the fruit was ripe, on removing this, the letters were found picked out in most delicate green, the rest of the fruit being rosy and deep hued.

The section from one of the big California redwood trees, which the United States Government will exhibit in its building at the World's Fair, has arrived at the fair grounds. Eleven freight cars were required to convey it across the continent. It measures 30 feet long by 23 feet in diameter. The section is hollowed out, and when placed on end, divided into two stories, and lighted, as it will be, it will form a rustic house large enough for a family to live in.

The largest casting ever made in India was the anvil-block for a new steam-hammer, which was recently cast at the Jamalpur shops of the East Indian Railway. The block was cast close to the spot where it will be used, and weighs about 33 tons. The iron used was a mixture of Indian iron and imported (English) pig.

Experiments are to be made with a light brick for interior partitions, ceilings and other places where crushing strength is not required. With ordinary clay and sand about 50 per cent. of fine sawdust will be mixed; the brick will be molded under heavy pressure and then burned until the sawdust is consumed.

Every woman who suffers from Sick Headache, and who dislikes to take bitter doses, should try Carter's Little Liver Pills. They are the easiest of all medicines to take. A positive cure for the above distressing complaint; give prompt relief in Dyspepsia and Indigestion; prevent and cure Constipation and Piles. As easy to take as sugar. Only one pill a dose. Price 25 cents. If you try them you will not be without them.

Denver banks offer the United States treasury $1,000,000 in gold.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for a number of years, and it has always given me satisfaction. It is an excellent dressing, prevents the hair from turning gray, fosures its vigorous growth, and keeps the scalp white and clean."—Mary A. Jackson, Salem, Mass.

Ex-President Harrison was welcomed home to Indianapolis with cheers.

According to certain accounts of winter sports, coasting seems to be but another name for slaying.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Blind Boy's Remarkable Work.

Some years ago a blind boy residing in Chicago constructed a miniature house inside an ordinary four ounce bottle. The building was made up of forty pieces of wood, all neatly fitted and glued together. As wonderful as this may seem it is only a part of the wonders of this sightless lad. After completing the house and giving it finishing touches to his heart's content, he set about fastening the cork in the bottle, but how he accomplished the startling feat is a mystery to this day. Inside the bottle below the neck, a small wooden peg is driven through the cork, the ends of the peg extending far enough on either side to prevent the cork being removed from the bottle without its lower end being torn off. The boy himself is unable to explain how he accomplished this last and most astonishing piece of handiwork.—[Philadelphia Press.

Notwithstanding the enormous increase given to human strength by the mechanical powers, the lever, the pulley, the wheel and axle &c., the removal of heavy weights is still attended by strains and sprains. There is positively nothing better for such casualties than Salvation Oil.

The anti-option bill was defeated.

No one knows better than those who have used Carter's Little Pills what relief they have given when taken for dyspepsia, dizziness, pain in the side, constipation, and disordered stomach.

Banks of Colorado are hoarding gold.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered liver. Only one pill a dose.

A special Congress was called for March 6.

Backache is almost immediately relieved by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters. Try one and be free from pain. Price 25 cents.

Wabash switchmen were refused increased wages.

I have had catarrh for twenty years, and used all kinds of remedies without relief. Mr. Smith, druggist, of Little Falls, recommended Ely's Cream Balm. The effect of the first application was magical; it allayed the inflammation and the next morning my head felt as clear as a bell. I am convinced its use will effect a permanent cure. It is soothing and pleasant, and I strongly urge its use by all sufferers.—Geo. Terry, Little Falls, N. Y.

Alleged mad dogs bit several Chicago people.

"What's in a name?" Well, that depends. For instance, the name of "Ayer" is sufficient guarantee that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a genuine, scientific blood-purifier, and not a sham, like so much that goes by the name of "sarsaparilla." Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the standard.

Stallion Sidney sold at Cleveland for $27,000.

In cases where dandruff, scalp diseases, falling and grayness of the hair appear, do not neglect them, but apply a proper remedy and tonic like Hall's Hair Renewer.

The Stallion Monbars sold at auction for $13,000.

MY WIFE SAID

to me last night: How much do you suppose we have paid out for doctors and medicine in the last year? I told her I did not know. To doctors I have paid nothing, and five dollars' worth of Sulphur Bitters has kept health in our family.

L. ANDREWS, 12 Bowdoin street, Boston.

FOUND DEAD.

Last evening a person giving the name of G. R. Thompson registered at Hunt's Hotel, and desired to be called in season to take the 12 P. M. train for Chicago. Being unable to awaken him, the room was entered by means of the ventilator over the door, when the gentleman was found to be dead. He was advertising agent for Sulphur Bitters, which has an extensive sale. The coroner returned a verdict of death from heart disease. His body will be sent east immediately.—Cin. Commercial.

A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Huffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians and used their treatment until he was not able to get around. They pronounced his case to be Consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, and at that time was not able to walk across the street without resting. He found, before he had used half of a dollar bottle, that he was much better; he continued to use it, and today he is enjoying good health. If you have any Throat, Lung or Chest Trouble, try it. We guarantee satisfaction. Trial bottles free at Chas. M. Cole's drug store.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will relieve Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum, and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial Fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion, try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at Charles M. Cole's, druggist.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Use BUTLER'S COCOA for Breakfast and Supper, pure and healthful, and their FAMILY CHOCOLATE for drinking and cooking, sauces, puddings, creams, etc.

DRUNKENNESS—LIQUOR HABIT—In all the world there is but one cure.

Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and today believe that they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O. 4-2-4m

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Chas. M. Cole.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

NOTICE.—Pronounce the word "Hough" as if spelled "Huff" when calling for Dr. Hough's Cough and Lung Balsam. Cures coughs, colds, croup or whooping cough. Try it. All medicine dealers sell it.

The New York, Haven & Hartford Railroad management has decided to establish a stock transfer agency in Boston, and the Old Colony Trust Company will probably be selected.

For Scrofula

"After suffering for about twenty-five years from scrofulous sores on the face and arms, trying various medical courses without benefit, I began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and a wonderful cure was the result. Five bottles sufficed to restore me to health."—Benedicto Lopez, 327 E. Commerce st., San Antonio, Texas.

Catarrh

"My daughter was afflicted for nearly a year with catarrh. The physicians being unable to help her, my pastor recommended Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I followed his advice. Three months of regular treatment with Ayer's Sarsaparilla and Ayer's Pills completely restored my daughter's health."—Mrs. Louise Riella, Little Canada, Ware, Mass.

Rheumatism

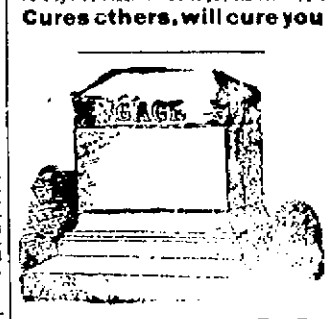
"For several years, I was troubled with inflammatory rheumatism, being so bad at times as to be entirely helpless. For the last two years, whenever I felt the effects of the disease, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and have not had a spell for a long time."—E. T. Hansbrough, Elk Run, Va.

For all blood diseases, the best remedy is

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Cures others, will cure you



CHAS. P. AUSTIN,

Stone Cutter, Monumental and Building Work,

cor. FAREWELL & WALNUT Sts.

NEWPORT, R. I.

NEWPORT STONE WORKS.

H. G. BURNS, Prop'r.

GRANITE WORK

of every description, including all kinds of

BUILDING & MONUMENTAL WORK.

A good stock of BLUE STONE constantly on hand.

42 Long Whf., foot Whittier Ave.,

NEWPORT, R. I.

JOHN ALDERSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

17 Mill Street,

ONE DOOR ABOVE THAMES STREET

Ladies' Cloaks, Ulsters and Walking Coats specialty.

Liveries of every description made to order

A NEW LINE OF

Seasonable Goods

JUST RECEIVED. 1-23

HERBS.

All kinds of herbs in general use are kept on sale at the

Enterprise Store,

No. 64 Thames St.,

In quantities from one ounce upwards, and any not in stock will be procured at short notice.

N. B.—These have been selected with great care by experienced herbalists, and all are warranted.

8-27-tf B. W. PEARCE.

E. B. HARRINGTON

—HAVING—

Purchased Controlling Interest

—IN THE—

NEWPORT

Transfer Express Company

Desires to call attention of the public to its unequalled facilities for local express business. This company has the

Exclusive Privilege

of collecting checks, for delivery of baggage on all trains and steamers arriving in Newport.

—ALSO OF—

CHECKING BAGGAGE

—AT THE—

RESIDENCE to DESTINATION.

It has desirable storage warerooms at reasonable rates.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 39 Bellevue Ave.

Branch Office, 272 Thames Street, N. Y. Freight Depot, P. R. Line, Newport, R. I., June 1st, 1892. 6-4

Water.

ALL PERSONS, desirous of having water introduced into their residences or place of business, should make application at the office, Marlboro Street, near Thames.

Office Hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

WM. S. SLOCUM, Treasurer.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE BOSTON HERALD—TUE

AN INCOME ASSURED!

PAYABLE IN GOLD SEMI-ANNUALLY.

Preferred Stock in Established Manufacturing Concerns, the Safest Investment on Record.

10 Per Cent. Dividend Guaranteed.

$100 draws an income of $10 per year.
$200 draws an income of $20 per year.
$500 draws an income of $50 per year.
$1000 draws an income of $100 per year.
$2000 draws an income of $200 per year.
$5000 draws an income of $500 per year.

And the beauty of it all is, it is so thoroughly safe an investment.

There is no speculation in buying a block of the preferred stock of the Koal-Spar Co.

The Company is legally organized by Clarence Hale, Esq., brother of U. S. Senator Hale, the prominent attorney of Portland, Maine.

The dividend of 10 per cent. is guaranteed and being earned now, as the stock is preferred and has a prior claim on all the earnings of the Company.

The money received from selling this guarantee 10 per cent. preferred stock is to be used to buy real estate, build factories thereon, and extend the business generally.

The dividend is payable semi-annually in gold, on the first day of July and January of each year.

The Company have issued a complete prospectus, explaining fully all questions which would naturally arise in the minds of investors.

You can have one by calling on or writing to The Koal-Spar Co., 51 & 53 Summer St., Continental National Bank Building, Boston, Mass.

Write to-day. This is a chance of a lifetime. 3-18-f

Spring Opening!

SPRING OVERCOATS,

in ten different shades of

Venitien and Covert Cloths,

tailor made, with and without silk facings, such as are retailed at $15,011.

WE SHALL OFFER AT $10 and $12.

SPRING SUITS,

warranted all wool and well made, very desirable patterns and perfect in fit,

$10.00.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

208 Thames St. 208.

ESTABLISHED 1850.

H. J. BAKER & BROTHER,

Office 215 Pearl St New York

Manufacture under special formula,

Complete, Chemical Odorless Manures for POTATOES, CORN, GRASS, CABBAGE, TURNIPS, etc.

They supersede the use of Stable Manure.

HIGH GRADE — FULL VALUE — **"A.A" Ammoniated Superphosphate.** — QUICK ACTING — BONE BASE

and other Brands of Accredited Worth and High Standing.

These manures are no experiment. Year after year of actual field use by prominent agriculturists of Rhode Island and Massachusetts, sustain our claims, as proven in our pocket memorandum and account book, mailed free. For sale by

3-11 HERMAN F. PECKHAM, Middletown and Newport.

NEWPORT ILLUMINATING CO.

INCANDESCENT LIGHTING in 16, 24, 32 and 50 Candle Power.

ARC LIGHTING.

STATION BY MOTORS of 1-8, 1-4, 1-2, 3-4, 1 1-2 up to 50 horse power for Elevators, Hoists, Saws, Planes, Drills, Organs, etc., everything requiring large or small power. Reliable and convenient.

WIRING.—Stores, offices and residences wired and furnished throughout with all apparatus necessary for electric lighting by our own staff at reasonable rates. We have just opened out in our show rooms a full line of new Electric and Combination Fixtures, Brackets, Shades, Portable Lamps for desks in polished brass, bronze and Im Matte Gold. Inspection invited.

NEWPORT ILLUMINATING CO., 449 TO 455 Thames St.

No Coal Famine in Newport.

Gardiner B. Reynolds & Co.

have just received the

First Consignment of Coal,

BY BARGE

Queen's County,

and another cleared today, 800 tons.

Until compelled by advance in coal and freights there will be no advance in prices.

MIDDLETOWN.

The Republicans and Democrats of the town held their respective caucuses Monday evening, the former meeting in the Town Hall and the latter in the Council Chamber. Both were well attended and perfect harmony prevailed, all nominations and elections being made by acclamation. Mr. Nathaniel Peckham presided over the Republican caucus, with Mr. James R. Chase as secretary, and Mr. Joshua Coggeshall presided over the Democrats, with Mr. F. J. Coggeshall as secretary. The selections were as follows:

Republican.

For Senator—Edward A. Brown.
For Representative—A. Herbert Ward.
For member of the Republican state central committee—Melville Bull.
Delegates to the State convention—J. Oscar Peckham, L. S. Manchester, Nathaniel L. Champlin, Jr., Levi Norbury.
Town committee—Frederick A. Lawton, James R. Chase, A. L. Peckham, Joel Peckham, Howard R. Peckham.

Democratic.

For Senator—David Coggeshall.
For Representative—Benjamin Howland.
Delegates to Democratic state convention—H. D. DeBlois, Jr., George Coggeshall, Charles P. Smith, F. J. Coggeshall.
Town Committee—Benjamin Howland, H. D. DeBlois, Jr., F. J. Coggeshall.

While the Republicans were in session the Democrats took a recess and joined the Republicans in an informal discussion of the matter of roads, their improvement etc.

The Prohibitionists of the town held a caucus Thursday evening, at the Town Hall, and nominated the following Assembly ticket:—For Senator, Benj. W. H. Peckham; For Representative, Charles Peckham. This is the first time the Prohibitory party has had a ticket in the town.

A comprehensive idea of how thoroughly every scene of "The MacKaye Spectatorium" will be presented by the Columbian Celebration Company, may be had from the fact that over five carloads of tropical flora has been imported direct from Jamaica, W. I. This flora, which is all to be used in the single scene representing the first landing of Columbus at San Salvador, was selected at Jamaica by two agents of the Company, who were sent there for this purpose, and was shipped direct from the immense plantations of the Boston Fruit Company. As much care will be used in every other scene, as regards detail, as has been shown in this one.

Mrs. I. P. White, of Rhode Island avenue, left town yesterday for New-York, from which port she sails to-day for Italy.

Major T. K. Gibbs and Mrs. Gibbs have arrived at their cottage for the season.

A TOWN ORDINANCE.

It was ordained by the Town Council of the town of Portsmouth, R. I., March 13, 1893, as follows:

EVERY PHYSICIAN, having a case of malignant contagious disease, within the limits of said town of Portsmouth, shall, within twenty-four hours after such case shall come to his knowledge, report the same to the Health Officer of said town, and any physician who wilfully neglects to report any such case, of which he shall have the charge as aforesaid, shall be fined not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

This ordinance shall take effect immediately after its passage.

A true copy. Witness:
PHILIP B. CHASE, Council Clerk.
WM. T. HARVEY, Health Officer, Portsmouth, R. I.
3-18-4w

CLOTHING!

For Men,

For Youths,

For Boys,

ALSO

HATS,

CAPS,

NECK TIES

AND

GLOVES

OF THE

Latest Styles

Received, All Ready.

J. E. Seabury,

218 & 220 Thames-st.

New Advertisements.

Administrator's Sale.

WILL BE SOLD at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, April 15th, 1893, at 2 o'clock P. M., on the premises, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in the undersigned, by decree of the Probate Court of the town of Jamestown, State of Rhode Island, passed on the 13th day of March, 1893, all the right, title, interest and property that Tiddeman H. Carr, late of Jamestown, deceased, had at the time of his death, in and to one undivided ½ part of that lot of land with all the buildings and improvements thereto belonging, situated in the town of Jamestown, and bounded and described as follows: on the North by land of Charles Wharton; on the East by a public highway; on the South by land of Wm. A. Watson; on the West by the waters of the Narragansett Bay, containing about thirty-five acres, be the same more or less.

THOMAS CARR WATSON, Administrator.
3-18-5w

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 13th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M.

GEORGE W. CALLAHAN, Guardian of the person and estate of *MICHAEL CALLAHAN*, of Newport, of full age, presents his annual account with the estate of said Michael, and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 3d day of April, 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury*, once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WILLIAM H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.
3-18

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ELBERT A. SISSON hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Portsmouth, R. I., Administrator on the estate of EMMA F. SISSON, late of said Portsmouth, deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Administrator.
Portsmouth, R. I., March 16, 1893.

Flagg's Bargain Store,

12 Franklin St.

(Opposite Post Office.)

TIN WARE PRICES.

Ten Quart Dish Pans, 22c; Sheet Iron Dripping Pans, 1?c. and 20c; Sauce Pans, 10c., 13c. and 15c; Stew Pans, 5c., 10c., 13c. and 15c; Wash Basins, 8c; Silverine Trays, 8c; Dover Egg Beaters, 10c; Colanders, 10c; Preserving Kettles, 10c; Tin strainers, 10c; Soda Dippers, long and short handles, 10c; Ladle Dippers and Pot Covers, 5c; Tea and Coffee Strainers, 3c and 5c; Basting Spoons, 5c; Sewing Machine Oil and Oilers, 10 each; Strong Towel Racks, 5c; Clothes Lines, 10c. and 15c; Wooden Spoons, 5c; Four Hook Coat Racks, 5c; Tin Tea Kettles, 25c; Three Papers Pins for 5c; Broilers, 8c; Crumb Tray and Brush, 20c; Wooden Rim Sieves, 10c; Maple Chair Seats, 10c; Coffee Pots, 17c to 40c.

Also Masons' and Carpenters' tools and other goods at rock bottom price. 3-18

1563
REPORT

OF THE CONDITION of the NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK, at Newport, in the State of Rhode Island, at the close of business, on March 6, 1893.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$234,305 58
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	1,043 64
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc	9,600 00
Due from approved reserve agents	31,322 20
Banking House, furniture and fixtures	19,810 91
Current expenses and taxes paid	752 35
Checks and other cash items	2,426 36
Bills of other Banks	990 00
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels and Cents	356 88
Specie	1-,340 70
Legal Tender notes	1,737 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5% of circulation)	1,125 00
TOTAL	$350,710 62

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	22,500 00
Undivided profits	7,683 91
National Bank notes outstanding	21,200 00
Dividends unpaid	1,350 00
Individual deposits subject to check	197,676 68
TOTAL	$350,710 62

State of Rhode Island, County of Newport, ss:
I, Edward Newton, Cashier of the National Exchange Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

EDWARD NEWTON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of March, 1893.

BENJAMIN MARSH, 2D., Notary Public.

CORRECT—ATTEST:—A. C. Titus, Gardiner B. Reynolds, John P. Sanborn, Directors.

1531
REPORT

OF THE CONDITION of the NATIONAL BANK of RHODE ISLAND of NEWPORT, at Newport, in the State of Rhode Island, at the close of business, March 6, 1893.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$106,462 41
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	84 84
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc	197,700 00
Due from approved reserve agents	9,263 66
Due from other National Banks	244 61
Due from State Banks and bankers	653 83
Banking house furniture and fixtures	13,500 00
Current Expenses and Taxes paid	2,075 20
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	4,000 00
Checks and other cash items	1,901 22
Exchanges for clearing-house	2,995 83
Bills of other banks	1,650 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	200 00
Specie	9,535 64
Legal tender notes	9,038 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	4,000 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent. redemption fund	1,000 00
TOTAL	$423,282 43

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	23,000 00
Undivided profits	14,445 71
National bank notes outstanding	87,505 00
Dividends unpaid	304 00
Individual deposits subject to check	184,856 26
Certified checks	714 34
Cashier's checks outstanding	294 41
Due to other National banks	377 39
Bills payable	10,000 00
TOTAL	$423,282 43

State of Rhode Island, County of Newport, ss.
I, Thomas P. Peckham, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

THOMAS P. PECKHAM, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of March, 1893.

CLARENCE A. HAMMETT, Notary Public.

CORRECT—ATTEST:—Frederick Tompkins, Augustus P. Sherman, Thomas Dunn, Directors.

REPORT

OF THE CONDITION of the NEWPORT NATIONAL BANK, at Newport, in the State of Rhode Island, at the close of business, March 6, 1893.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$236,120 36
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	63 38
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	110,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc	120,300 00
Due from approved reserve agents	45,266 55
Due from State banks and bankers	340 28
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	6,500 00
Current expenses and taxes paid	859 64
Premiums on U. S. bonds	9,000 00
Checks, and other cash items	4,393 32
Bills of other banks	650 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	339 75
Specie	12,427 50
Legal tender notes	9,500 00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5 per cent. of circulation)	4,950 00
Due from City of Newport	2,823 68
TOTAL	$564,394 51

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	$120,000 00
Surplus Fund	30,000 00
Undivided profits	26,794 26
National Bank Notes outstanding	96,300 00
Dividends unpaid	1,974 00
Cashier's checks outstanding	43,712 65
Individual deposits subject to check	239,361 53
Due to other National Banks	2,251 07
TOTAL	$564,394 51

State of Rhode Island, County of Newport, ss.
I, Henry C. Stevens, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. C. STEVENS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of March, 1893.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Notary Public.

CORRECT—ATTEST:—Wm. E. Dennis, Wm. Gilpin, Grant P. Taylor, Directors.

New Advertisements

$2.00.

Ladies' Dongola Button,

SQUARE TOE (plain)

POINTED TOE (P. L. tip)

A Genuine Bargain,

—AT—

SEABURY'S

214 THAMES STREET.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, SC. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Newport, January 3d, A. D. 1893.

BY VIRTUE, and in pursuance of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of Rhode Island, within and for the County of Newport, on the first day of October, A. D. 1892, and returnable to the March term of said Court, A. D. 1893, upon a judgment rendered by said Court on the 29th day of June, A. D. 1892, in favor of Edward B. Hosmer, George H. Crampton, Benjamin Hammond, and Arthur L. Robinson, all of the city of Boston, in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and co-partners and doing business in said Boston under the firm name of Hosmer, Crampton and Hammond, plaintiffs, and against Hiram Murray, of the City and County of Newport and State of Rhode Island, defendant, I have this day at 20 minutes past 11 o'clock A. M., levied the said Execution on all the right, title and interest, which the said defendant, Hiram Murray, had on the 5th day of December, A. D. 1891, at 10 minutes past 3 o'clock P. M. (the time of the attachment on the original writ,) in and to a certain lot, or parcel of land with all the buildings, and improvements thereupon, situated in said City of Newport, in said County of Newport, in the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, and bounded as follows: *1st parcel:* Southerly, by land of Wm. S. Vose, thirty two feet; Westerly, by land now or late of Charles Russell, seventy-seven feet; Northerly, on State street, thirty-one feet, and Easterly, by land of Perry Sherman, eighty feet six inches, be the same more or less, being the same lot of land conveyed to this grantor by Perry Sherman on the 31st day of October, 1883 (see Land Evidence, vol. 46, page 107). *2d parcel:* ½ acre of land commencing at at a point on the southeast corner of land of John Alfred Hazard, seventy-three feet nine inches distant from land of Alfred Smith and Joseph I. Bailey, thence Southerly, and bounded Easterly on Coggeshall avenue, seventy-three feet nine inches; thence Westerly and bounded Southerly, on land of said Smith and Bailey, three hundred feet; thence Northerly and bounded Westerly on land of this grantor, seventy-three feet nine inches; thence Easterly and bounded Northerly on land of this grantor, three hundred feet to the place of beginning (Land Evidence, vol. 32, page 267). *3d parcel:* bounded as follows: Northerly, by land of this grantee, seventy-five feet; Easterly, by other land of these grantors, now in the possession of Thomas McGill, one hundred feet; Southerly by the Northerly line of a court, seventy-five feet, and Westerly, by land of James Casey, one hundred feet, containing seven thousand five hundred square feet of land (Land Evidence, vol. 37, page 273). *4th parcel* of land, with dwelling house, barn and other improvements thereupon, and the appurtenances thereto, bounded Easterly, on Spring street, fifty-six feet; Southerly, on Cannon street, one hundred and fifteen feet; Westerly, on land formerly of Nathan Hammett, deceased, and Northerly, on land of the heirs of the late Samuel Lawton, and on land formerly of Christopher J. Bliven, be the same more or less, and however otherwise bounded, (Land Evidence, vol. 49, page 369) and all other real estate of the aforesaid Hiram Murray, situated in said Newport, whether herein above described, particularized or described or however otherwise described.

AND

NOTICE is hereby given that I will sell the said attached estate at a Public Auction, to be held in front of the State House in said City of Newport in said County on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest on the same, costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses, if sufficient.

JAMES ANTHONY, Sheriff.
3-11-4w

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, SC. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Newport, January 4, A. D. 1893.

BY VIRTUE and in pursuance of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of Rhode Island, within and for the County of Newport, on the fourth day of January, A. D. 1893, and returnable to the March term of said Court, A. D. 1893, upon a judgment rendered by said Court on the twenty-ninth day of September, A. D. 1892 in favor of George T. Baker and Wendall P. Hale, co-partners, as Baker, Hale & Co., both of the City and County of Providence and State of Rhode Island, plaintiffs, and against Hiram J. Murray, of the City and County of Newport, in said State of Rhode Island, defendant, I have this day at 20 minutes past 10 o'clock A. M., levied the said Execution on all the right, title and interest, which the said defendant, Hiram J. Murray, had on the ninth day of July, A. D. 1892, at 5 minutes past 12 o'clock P. M. (the time of the attachment on the original writ,) in and to a certain lot, or parcel of land with all the buildings, and improvements thereupon, situated in said City of Newport, in said County of Newport, in the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, and bounded as follows: Northerly, forty-nine feet on Market square; Westerly, thirty-three feet on land of Benjamin H. Sherman; Southerly, on land of Isaac W. Sherman, and Easterly, on land conveyed by Charles P. Barber to Charles E. Hammett or however otherwise the same may be bounded. Recorded in Land Evidence, vol. 61, page 397, of the City of Newport.

AND

NOTICE is hereby given that I will sell the said attached and levied on estate at a Public Auction to be held in front of the State House in said city of Newport in said county on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1893, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest on the same, costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses if sufficient.

PARDON S. KAULL, Deputy Sheriff.
3-11-4w

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, SC. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Newport, December 27, A. D. 1892.

BY VIRTUE, and in pursuance of an Execution issued out of the District Court of the First Judicial District, within and for the County of Newport, on the 20th day of December, A. D. 1892, and returnable to the said Court, March 20, A. D. 1893, upon a judgment rendered by said Court on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1892, in favor of Cassius C. Hall, of New Shoreham, in the County of Newport, State aforesaid, plaintiff, and against Orrison S. Marden, of said New Shoreham, State aforesaid, defendant, I have this day at 16 minutes past 10 o'clock A. M., levied the said Execution on all the right, title and interest, which the said defendant, Orrison S. Marden, had on the 9th day of June, A. D. 1892, at 30 minutes past 5 o'clock P. M., (the time of the attachment on the original writ), in and to a certain lot or parcel of land with all the buildings, and improvements thereupon, situated in said town of New Shoreham, in said County of Newport, in the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, and bounded as follows, to wit: Southerly, on land formerly of J. R. Payne; Westerly, on a certain pond or tug swamp; Northerly, on land formerly of Henry Willis, late of said New Shoreham, deceased, and on land of Gardner Milliken, or however otherwise said lot may be bounded and described, containing about fifteen acres of land.

AND

NOTICE is hereby given that I will sell the said attached and levied on estate at a Public Auction to be held on the premises in said New Shoreham, in said county, on the 28th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 4:30 o'clock P. M., for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest on the same, costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses, if sufficient.

PARDON S. KAULL, Deputy Sheriff.
3-4-4w

New Advertisements.

Spring!

Spring!!

Farmers, are you ready and equipped for the planting? Bear in mind that there is but one

SEED AND Agricultural House

IN NEWPORT.

The only dealer who does not oppose the farmer in his produce market. He will supply your wants from the finest FLOWER to the FIELD SEED, from the GARDEN HOE to the REAPER, from the WHIP-SNAPPER to the TEAM HARNESS, HARDWARE, PAINTS, OILS, DAIRY SUPPLIES, WIND-MILLS, &c., &c.

MY SEED CATALOGUE

of some 100 pages is the finest ever offered to a community of so small an area; it shows you that you can find everything in the Agricultural supplies equal to a city house.

SEED POTATOES.

The Parkhurst Seed Potatoes have just arrived. These goods are all tagged and sold under his name; no other house represents this stock, he having no partners or representatives other than himself. I have made arrangements to represent him for Newport.

The Hardison Seed Potatoes

sold by me last year, which gave such unusual satisfaction, will arrive the coming week. Seed Oats and Barley, Field Seeds, Timothy, Red Top, Clover, Orchard Grass, Kentucky Blue Grass, &c.

A New Steel Side-Hill Plow

to show you, all steel, light and durable.

Geo. A. Weaver,

19, 21 & 23 Broadway

Imported Flower Seeds for '93,

Every Package warranted fresh & new,

ONLY 3 cts. A PK'G.

LIST OF SEEDS.

Agrostemma (Rose of Heaven)
Aloneu (Musk Flower)
Amaranthus (Princess Feather)
Amaranthus (Love Lies Bleeding)
Antirrhinum (Snap Dragon)
Aster (Rose)
Aster (Chinese)
Aster (Globe)
Aster (Quilled)
Balloon Vine (Love-in-a-Puff)
Balsam (Dwarf)
Balsam (Tall)
Bachelor's Button
Brachycome (Swanee River Daisy)
Bromus (Ornamental Grass)
Calendula (Prince of Orange)
Calliopsis
Canterbury Bell
Canna (Indian Shot)
Candytuft
Chrysanthemum
Cockscomb
Clarkia
Cypress Vine
Drummond Phlox
Four O'clock (Marvel of Peru)
Fox Glove
Feverfew
Forget-me not
Gaillardia (Fine Mixed Grandiflora)
Gilia
Gloxinia
Godetia
Helipterum (Everlasting Flower)
Heliotrope
Hollyhock (Fine Double)
Honesty (Moon Flower)
Ice Plant (Mesembrianthemum)
Job's Tears
Larkspur (Tall Double French)
Larkspur (Dwarf Double German)
Lily of the Valley
Lupin
Lobelia
Marigold (Double African)
Marigold (Double French)
Morning Bride (Scabiosa)
Morning Glory (Convolvulus Major)
Morning Glory (Convolvulus Minor)
Musk Plant
Nasturtium (Tall Tropæolum)
Nasturtium (Dwarf Tropæolum)
Nigella (Love-in-a Mist)
Pansy (Extra Large Flower)
Pansy-Fine Mixed
Petunia (Finest Mix)
Poppy (Double Carnation)
Pinks (Double Chinese)
Pink (Double Imperial)
Portulaca (Grandiflora)
Primrose (Evening)
Ricinus (Castor Oil Bean)
Salvia (Ornamental Sage)
Scarlet Runner
Sensitive Plant (Mimosa)
Smilax
Sweet Alyssum
Sweet Peas (Finest Mix)
Sweet Rocket
Sweet William
Sunflower (Russian)
Sweet Mignonette (Grandiflora)
Ten Weeks Stock
Verbena (Grandiflora)
Virginia Stock
Wild Flower Garden (Mixed with all kinds)
Zinnias (Double)

Also Sweet Peas, Nasturtiums (tall and dwarf), wild flower Garden Seeds in ounce packages. Lawn Grass in quart and pint packages.

ONLY 3 cts. A PACKAGE.

To all who have used these Seeds, the announcement that they have arrived is sufficient. To all others, we would say, they are the best Imported Seeds.

We have sold them for five years.

Every year our sales have increased, and hundreds who have used these Seeds can testify that they are strictly reliable, at

A. C. Landers',

167 Thames Street,

COWELL'S BLOCK.

New Advertisements.

H. W. LADD CO.

213-217 Westminster Street,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Easter **Gloves!**

Easter **Parasols!**

Easter **Laces!**

Easter **Ribbons!**

Easter **Handkerchiefs!**

Easter **Neckwear!**

H. W. LADD CO.,

Providence, R. I.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ELIZABETH R. HAZARD and FRANK B. HAZARD, of Providence, Rhode Island, hereby give notice that they have been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., the Executors of the will of MARY R. HAZARD, late of said Newport, deceased, and that they are qualified to act as such Executors.
Newport, R. I., March 18, 1893.

Office of the Probate Clerk of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, March 7, A. D. 1893.

STEPHEN CAHOONE, Administrator, with the will annexed, on the estate of *EDWARD J. CAHOONE*, late of Newport, deceased, having this day filed in this office his account with the estate of said deceased, praying that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded, and said petitioner having applied to me to give notice thereof by advertising in the *Newport Mercury*:

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that said account will be considered at the Court of Probate to be holden on Monday, the 27th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall in said Newport.

EDWIN S. BURDICK, Probate Clerk.
3-11

Court of Probate, Portsmouth, R. I., February 21, 1893.

MR. GEORGE P. LAWTON presented his petition, praying that an instrument in writing, therewith presented, purporting to be the last will and testament of *ABBIE FISH*, late of said Portsmouth, deceased, may be proved and recorded, and that letters testamentary on the estate of said Abbie Fish, may be granted to him.

The same was received and referred for consideration to the Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in said Portsmouth on Saturday April 1st, 1893, at one o'clock P. M., and it was ordered that previous notice thereof be published fourteen days, once a week at least, in the *Newport Mercury*.

PHILIP B. CHASE, Probate Clerk.
3-11

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

NATHANIEL R. SWINBURNE hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., the Executor of the will of ABBY S. MELVILLE, late of said Newport, deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Executor.
Newport, R. I., March 11, 1893.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has been duly appointed by the Probate Court at Tiverton, Administrator on the estate of JONATHAN S. DWELLY, deceased, late of Tiverton, R. I., and has filed the necessary bonds. All persons who are indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having demands to present the same to

DR. JEROME DWELLY, Administrator.
Fall River, Mass., Feb. 24, 1893—3-4

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LEWIS L. SIMMONS hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., Administrator on the estate of HENRY B. HURDICK, late of said Newport, deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Administrator.
Newport, R. I., March 4, 1893.

OFFICE OF THE

CITY SEALER

—OF—

Weights and Measures.

CITY WHARF, NEWPORT, R. I.

I hereby give notice, as required by law, to all persons engaged in the trade of buying and selling, or as a public weigher, who uses weights and measures, to bring in to the Sealer's Office within one month from the first day of April, his Weights, Measures and Balances to be adjusted and sealed.

The law on Weights and Measures and Sealing, Chap. 130, Sec. 13, is as follows:

"Every person engaged in the trade of buying and selling, or as a public weigher, who shall use or permit to be used for him, any weight, measure or balance of whatever description, unless such weight, measure or balance shall have been duly sealed in conformity with the provisions of this Chapter, shall forfeit the sum of Twenty Dollars."

JOHN H. STACY, City Sealer of Weights and Measures.

All measures, both dry and wet, must be brought to the Sealer's Office. Where it is not convenient for dealers to bring in their scales and weights, I shall call upon them after the expiration of the one month's notice as above.

JOHN H. STACY, City Sealer.
Office hours 10 to 12.
3-4-4w

Business Transfer.

The undersigned having leased his coal and wood wharf, with office at 123 Thames street, to

Abram Almy,

takes this occasion to thank his patrons, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of their patronage for his successor.

WM. J. SWINBURNE.

ABRAM ALMY

having leased the above

COAL and WOOD WHARF,

for forty years conducted by WILLIAM J. SWINBURNE, respectfully gives notice that he is prepared to continue the same with a full stock of COAL AND WOOD, and hereby asks a share of the general coal business of the city.

Newport, Feb. 11, 1893. 3-18-1y